

Mr. SPEAKER.—Does not the Hon'ble Member hear me ? When I have not allowed it to be raised, the Hon'ble Member continues as if I am not here.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲಗೌಡ.—ನನ್ನ ಬದಲಾವಣೆ...

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—The Chair should hear him.

Mr. SPEAKER.—It should be made in' proper time and at proper quarters.

**THE MYSORE MUNICIPALITIES BILL, 1962, AS REPORTED BY THE JOINT SELECT COMMITTEE.**

*Clause by Clause Consideration*

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY (Minister for Municipal Administration).—I move :

“That in item 19, clause 2, the word ‘Animal or’ shall be omitted.”

There is a definition of goods in the Sale of Goods Act. There, goods are defined as movable property and it includes animals also. Even after the word ‘animal’ is deleted, the word ‘goods’ would include animals. Therefore, the word ‘animal’ becomes unnecessary.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Amendment moved :

“That in item 19, clause 2, the word ‘Animal or’ shall be omitted.”

The other day Sri Anna Rao contended that the Minister cannot bring in animals.

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—Anyway, that is a point which has to be examined. I am sure my friend Sri Anna Rao will not have any objection to this amendment. His objection is in a way met by it. I am, therefore, moving for the deletion of the word ‘animal’ in item 19 of clause 2.

Mr. SPEAKER.—The other amendment falls through because the Hon'ble Member Sri Basappa is absent.

The question is :

“That in item 19, clause 2, the words ‘animal or’ shall b omitted.”

*The amendment was adopted.*

Mr. SPEAKER.—The question is :

“That clause 2, as amended, stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 2, as amended, was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That clauses 3 to 7, both inclusive, stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clauses 3 to 7, both inclusive, were added to the Bill.

#### CLAUSE 8.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Sir, I beg to move :

“That in line 4, after the word ‘Government’ the words ‘in consultation with the newly formed Municipality’ shall be added.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That in line 4, after the word ‘Government’ the words ‘in consultation with the newly formed Municipality’ shall be added.”

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Sir, this clause envisages the amalgamation of two or more municipalities and the naming of the newly-formed municipality. The clause provides that the new name to be given to the new municipality must be done by the Government. But let the Government consult the newly-formed municipality. I do not say that it should be binding on the Government. Therefore, I suggest this amendment is a very simple one which does not take away the effect of the clause.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—Sir, I am unable to accept this amendment. Usually, the municipalities that are going to be amalgamated would bestow thought and make a recommendation. To consult a municipality that is going to come into existence regarding its name would mean that the municipality would come into existence without a name. Therefore, it is not possible. The amalgamating municipalities would naturally be consulted in the matter before the new municipality is formed.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Sir, I beg leave of the House to withdraw my amendment.

The amendment was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That clause 8 stand part of the the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 8 was added to the Bill.

#### CLAUSE 9.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—Sir, I beg to move :

“That in line 8, for the word ‘Kannada’ the words ‘Kannada and the language preponderant in the locality’ shall be substituted.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved:

“That in line 8, for the word ‘Kannada’ the words ‘Kannada and the language preponderant in the locality’ shall be substituted.”

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—Sir, I am proposing this amendment for the convenience of the public because for the formation of a municipality or for alteration of the limits of a municipality, a proclamation will be published in the Gazette in English and Kannada. According to this clause, in the locality, it will be proclaimed only in Kannada. There are areas in the State, as is already known to all the members, where languages other than Kannada are spoken and over a large area people there do not know even Kannada. So, if the proclamation is to reach the people, it should be in the language of the people. It is only for the convenience of the people that I have suggested that the proclamation should be in the language which is preponderant or predominant in that locality. It is a simple amendment and I request the Hon’ble Minister to accept it.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—Sir, I am sorry I cannot accept this amendment. In the Official Gazette the notification will be issued both in English and Kannada. In addition to that, the proclamation announcing the proposed constitution of the city or town municipality also will be published in the language of the State in the area concerned. The Hon’ble Member wants to add the words ‘the language preponderant’ in the locality.’ Again, locality is a term which has to be defined. There may be a preponderant language in a certain street. Then, that also becomes a locality. Supposing in an extension, there are people speaking one language in a greater number, it may be contended that the proclamation should be made in that language. That would mean the publication of as many notifications as there are languages spoken in any area. There may be a language without alphabets. I may assure the Hon’ble Member that Government will take note of the anxiety of the Hon’ble Member and see that in areas where Kannada is not generally understood publications are issued as far as possible in the language that is understood by the people there. I hope that this explanation would satisfy the Hon’ble Member and he would withdraw his amendment.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—I am not withdrawing it.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That in clause 9, in line 8 for the word “Kannada,” the words “Kannada and the language preponderant in the locality” shall be substituted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA (Chickballapur).**—I beg to move :

“That in line 12, for the word “entertain” the word “prefer” shall be substituted.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendmend moved:

“That in line 12, for the word “entertain” the word “prefer” shall be substituted.”

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎಂ. ಕೆ. ರಾಜು ಅಜ್ಞಾನ ರೀತಿಯ ಮಾಡುವಾಗ ಮಾತ್ರ. ಅಜ್ಞಾನ ಹಾಕುವಾಗ ಶಿಫರ್ ಎಂಬ ಪದವನ್ನು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅದಕ್ಕೂನ್ನೇರ ಎಂಟರ್ಟೆನ್ ಎನ್ನುವ ಪದಕ್ಕೆ ಬದಲಾಗಿ ‘ಪ್ರಿಫರ್’ ಎನ್ನುವ ಪದವನ್ನು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಬೇಕು.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—I cannot agree.

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.**—I am not withdrawing it.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That in line 12, for the word “entertain” the word “prefer” shall be substituted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That clause 9 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 9 was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—There are no amendments to clause 10.

The question is:

“That clause 10 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 10 was added to the Bill.

#### CLAUSE 11.

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.**—I beg to move:

That in clause 11 in sub-clause (1) for the existing table the following table shall be substituted :

#### “TABLE.

<i>Population of Municipality</i>	<i>Number of Councillors.</i>
(i) For a Municipality with a population not exceeding 20,000	15
(ii) For a Municipality with a population exceeding 20,000 but not exceeding 50,000.	15 + 2 Councillors for every 5,000 population beyond 20,000.
(iii) For a Municipality with a population exceeding 50,000 but not exceeding 1 lakh	27 + 2 Councillors for every 25,000 population beyond 50,000.
(iv) For a Municipality with a population exceeding 1 lakh	25. ,

(SRI C. V. VENEATARAYAPPA)

At the end of the Explanation, the following shall be added :—

“Plus the increase in population at the rate of some percentage as prescribed by Government for every year up to the date of preparation of voters' list.”

Mr. SPEAKER.—Amendment moved :

That in clause 11 in sub-clause (1) for the existing table the following table shall be substituted :—

**“TABLE.”**

<i>Population of Municipality</i>	<i>Number of Councillors.</i>
(i) For a Municipality with a population not exceeding 20,000	15
(ii) For a Municipality with a population exceeding 20,000 but not exceeding 50,000	15+2 Councillors for every population beyond 20,000.
(iii) For a Municipality with a population exceeding 50,000 but not exceeding 1 lakh.	27+2 Councillors for every 25,000 population beyond 50,000.
(iv) For a Municipality with a population exceeding 1 lakh	35. ,,

At the end of the Explanation the following shall be added :—

“Plus the increase in population at the rate of some percentage as prescribed by Government for every year up to the date of preparation of voters list.”

Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.—I beg to move :

“that in sub-clause (1) in the Table,

(a) for the figure 19, in item (ii) the figure 20 shall be substituted.

(b) In item (iii) for the figure 23 the figure 25 shall be substituted.

(c) In item (iv) for the figure 27 the figure 30 shall be substituted.

(d) In item (v) for the figure 31 the figure 40 shall be substituted.

(e) In item (vi) after the words “1 lakh” the words but not exceeding 1,50,000,” shall be substituted.

(ii) For the figure 35, the figure 50 shall be substituted. The following item shall be added after item (vi):—“for a Municipality with a population exceeding 1,50,000 ... 60 Councillors.”

Mr. SPEAKER.—Amendment moved :

“That in sub-clause (1) in the table,

(a) for the figure 19 in item (ii) the figure 20 shall be substituted.

(b) In item (iii) for the figure 23, the figure 25 shall be substituted.

(c) In item (iv) for the figure 27, the figure 30 shall be substituted.

(d) In item (v) for the figure 31, the figure 40 shall be substituted.

(e) In item (vi) after the words "1 lakh" the words "but not exceeding 1, 50,000," shall be substituted.

(ii) For the figure 35, the figure 50 shall be substituted.

The following item shall be added after item:—

(vi):—"for a Municipality with a population exceeding 1,50,000... .... 60 Councillors."

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Shall we take all the amendments to the main clause together or shall we consider sub-clause after sub-clause?

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—We shall take them all together.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—I suppose the House concurs in it.

**Sri GANGADHAR NAMOSHI.**—(Gulbarga) I beg to move:

"that in sub-clause (1) in the second column of item (vi) of the Table, for the figure 35 the figure 40 shall be substituted."

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved:

"That in sub-clause (1) in the second column of item (vi) of the Table, for the figure 35 the figure 40 shall be substituted."

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—I beg to move:

"That in sub-clause (2), the words "subject to the provision of section 12" shall be deleted."

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved:

"That in sub-clause (2), the words "subject to the provision of section 12" shall be deleted."

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—I beg to move:

"That in sub-clause (4) line 2, for the words "one" and "two" the words "two" and "four" shall be substituted respectively"

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved:

"That in sub-clause (4) line 2, for the words "one" and "two", the words "two" and "four" shall be substituted, respectively."

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I beg to move:

"That in sub-clause (4) for the words "one for each Town Municipality and two for each City Municipality" the words "two" shall be substituted."

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved:

"That in sub-clause (4) for the words "one for each Town Municipality and two for each City Municipality" the word "two" shall be substituted."

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I beg to move:

“That sub-clause (5) shall be deleted.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved:

“that sub-clause (5) shall be deleted.”

2-00 P. M.

**Sri C. R. RANGE GOWDA.**—Sir, I move that:

“In clause” the following sub-clause shall be added after sub-clause (6):

“(7) Notwithstanding anything contained above the Member of the Legislature residing within the limits of any Town Municipality shall be *ex-officio* Member of that Municipality with a power of voting.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved:

“That in clause 11 the following sub-clause shall be added after sub-clause (6):

“(7) Notwithstanding anything contained above the member of the legislature residing within the limits of any Town Municipality shall be *ex-officio* member of that Municipality with a power of voting.”

All the Amendments and the clause are before the House.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ವಿ. ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪ.—ನಾನು ಜಾಯಂತ್ ಸೆರೆಕ್ಟರೀ ಕಮಿಟಿಯವರು ಜೀಬರ್ಲ್ನಿಲ್ಲಿ ಸೂಚಿಸಿರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ವಿರೋಧವಾಗಿ ನಾನು ಯಾವ ತಿಂದು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿಲ್ಲ. ಪ್ರಜಾ ನಂಜ್ಯೆಯಲ್ಲಾಗಲ್ಲ, ಮೆಂಬರುಗಳ ನಂಜ್ಯೆಯಲ್ಲಾಗಲ್ಲ ನಾನು ಏನೂ ತಿಂದು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸಿಲ್ಲ. ಅವರು ಒಂದು ನಂಜ್ಯೆಗೂ ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ನಂಜ್ಯೆಗೂ ಅಂತರವನ್ನು ಜೂಸಿ ಇಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಜನರ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಗಳನ್ನು ಪ್ರಜಾನಂಜ್ಯೆಗೆ ಅನುಗುಣವಾಗಿ ಚುನಾಯಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅಗ್ರವು ದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದಕ್ಕೊನ್ನೆಸ್ತರವಾಗಿ ಈ ಅಂತರವನ್ನು ಕಡವೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂಬ ಉದ್ದೇಶದಿಂದ ಈ ಅದ್ವಿತೀಯನು ತಂದಿದ್ದೀನೆ. 20 ನಾವಿರ ಪ್ರಜಾನಂಜ್ಯೆಗೆ 15 ಜನ ಕೌನ್ಸಿಲರುಗಳನ್ನು ಚುನಾಯಿಸಬೇಕು. 20ರಿಂದ 30 ನಾವಿರದವರೆಗೆ 19 ಜನರನ್ನು ಚುನಾಯಿಸಬೇಕು ಎಂದೇ ಇದೆ. 20 ನಾವಿರದ ಮೇಲೆ 500 ಪ್ರಜಾನಂಜ್ಯೆ ಜೂಸಿ ಯಾದರೂ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಜನ ನಡನ್ಯಾದನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ ಚುನಾಯಿಸಬಹುದು. ಹತ್ತು ನಾವಿರ ಪ್ರಜಾನಂಜ್ಯೆ ಜೂಸಿಯಾಗುವವರೆಗೂ ಒಂದೇ ರೀತಿ ಇಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದಾದ ಮೇಲೆ ವಿಕಾರದಂ 4 ಜನರನ್ನು ಚುನಾಯಿಸಬಹುದು ಎನ್ನಾವ ಅಫ್ ಬರಾವ ಹಾಗೆ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ನಾನು ಸೂಚಿಸಿರುವುದೆನೇನೆಂದೇ 5 ನಾವಿರ ಪ್ರಜಾ ನಂಜ್ಯೆಗೆ ಇಟ್ಟಿಬಿಂತೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾವಳಿನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಲು ಎಂದು ಹೀಗೆ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಪ್ರಜಾನಂಜ್ಯೆಗೆ ಅನುಗುಣವಾಗಿ ನರಿಯಾದ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿ ದೀರುಕುತ್ತದೆ ಎನ್ನುವ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಾದ ಈ ತಿಂದು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸಿದ್ದೀನೆ. ಇದನ್ನು ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಒಷ್ಟು ತಾರು ರಂದು ನಾನು ಭಾಬಿಸಿದ್ದೀನೆ.

ಇದರ ಜೊತೆಗೆ ಕಡೆಯಲ್ಲಿ explanationನಲ್ಲಿ ಹಿಗಿದೆ.

“Explanation.—In this sub-section, “population” means the population as ascertained at the last preceding census of which the relevant figures are published.”

ಹತ್ತು ಪರ್ಸನ್ ಒಂದು ಸಲ ಸ್ನಾತ್ ಲೆಕ್ಕನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಹತ್ತು ಪರ್ಸನ್ ಕಾದು ಅಗ್ 5,000 ಜನನಂಜ್ಯೆ ಜೂಸಿ ಅದರೆ, ಹತ್ತು ನಾವಿರದ ಒಳಗೆ ಜೂಸಿಯಾಗಿದೆ, ಎಂದು ಅ

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ಜನಕ್ಕೆ ಹಾಲಿನಿಧ್ಯ ಸಿಕ್ಕಬೇಕಾದರೆ ತೋಡರೆಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ನೆನ್ನನ್ನ ಜೊತೆಗೆ ಪ್ರತಿವರ್ಷವೂ ಜಾಸ್ತಿಯಾಗುವ ಪ್ರಸಾರದಂಬ್ಯಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಏಗಿದ ಮಾಡಿರುವ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಗುಣಾತ್ಮಕ ಕೌನ್ಸಿಲರುಗಳನ್ನು ಜುನಾಯಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ನಾನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ, ನಾನ್ನಾಲ್ಲಿ.

† Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR (Belgaum City).—Sir, by my first amendment I want that the representation of the municipality should be increased for a number of reasons. The number of Councillors should go on increasing along with the population; that has been accepted here. The Joint Select Committee has increased the number of Councillors also in the municipalities. I want to go a step further and increase the representation for these reasons. Firstly, we should try to bring as many persons as possible to be associated with the municipal administration. People should get more representation. Sir, according to the Bombay Act, the Government used to decide the number of Councillors from time to time. If I take the example of Belgaum municipality, when I was a Councillor for six years in that municipality, the number was 33 when the population was about 56,000 or so. Prior to that the number was 24 and at present the number of councillors in the Belgaum municipality is 44. So, it would be seen that during the last 30 years, the number has been increasing from 24 to 33 and now it is 44. According to the clause here, the number of Councillors of Belgaum municipality will be 35 according to the 1961 census population figures. That means, nine less and so the rights and privileges of those people are curtailed. Yesterday I quoted the instance of Nippatti municipality. Now the number is 24 and according to this clause the number would be reduced to 19 only. So, the electorate would be deprived of representing five more members. That is why I say that a number of clauses of this Bill are taking away the rights and privileges which were enjoyed by the people in our area. So, the representation should be increased.

Then, there is one more point which should be considered by the Government. In bigger towns and cities there will be various groups and sections residing in the urban areas. The bigger the town or city the more the number of minorities of various sections—not only communal but other sections also. So, if we curtail the number of councillors, then these minorities would suffer and it would be practically impossible for them to get representation. From that point of view also the number of councillors should be increased to give proper representation to the minorities and other groups in the urban areas. That is an important consideration and that, I think, has not caught the attention of the Government or the Joint Select Committee. So, I am proposing a slight increase in the figures. The Select Committee has increased the number of councillors to four for every 10,000 population. I propose for 10,000 population there should be five more councillors. In a municipality with a population between 20,000 and 30,000 the representation should be 20; between 30,000 and 40,000 it should be 25; exceeding 40,000 and not exceeding 50,000 it should be 30. Now, for a municipality with a population exceeding 50,000 but not exceeding one lakh, i.e., for an increase in population by 50,000 only four more councillors are given.

(SRI B. R. SUNTHANKAR)

It is very unfair to the electorate. For 50,000 population only 4 more councillors are being given. I propose that for a population between 50,000 and 1,00,000, the representation should be 40.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—When the number is raised, the wards or constituencies have to be re-cast so that every constituency will have an equal number of voters.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—This is regarding the number of councillors. For increases in population, only 4 more councillors are given. Here the total number of councillors is given as 31 and I propose it should be 40 in order to give more representation to the electorate.

Similarly for item 6, that is, municipalities with a population exceeding 1 lakh, the number of councillors is 35 and I propose that it should be 50 to give adequate representation to various sections of the community. I have proposed to add one more item, item 7, that is, one more classification. According to the table the last classification is for a population exceeding 1 lakh. I say that there should be a classification for populations between 1 and 1½ lakhs. Our cities and urban areas are growing fast and for the classification exceeding 1½ lakhs, the representation should be 60.

I will come to my second amendment regarding sub-clause 2. Section 12 introduces a very bad element, that is, nomination by Government. There should absolutely be no nomination by Government. The municipalities should be fully the Peoples' Voice and nothing else. All Members should be elected.

My third amendment seeks to increase the number of reserved seats for women. According to the present sub-clause, there would be one reserved seat for women in each town municipality and 2 for each city municipality. I want it to be increased two times. Nearly 50% of the electorate are women. It has been found that women voters in the elections are very conscientious, sincere and honest.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Does it mean that we are less conscientious? If the member wants to compliment women, let him do so but not by condemnation of men.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR**—That is a fact though we may not relish it or like it.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—A matter of opinion.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—My amendment in any case is that the representation to women should be increased. In the Belgaum municipality at present there are 4 reserved seats for women and these seats are rotated from ward to ward at the time of each election. The principle of rotation should be introduced in this Act also so that every ward will be able to send one representative who is a woman. Of course, I have not given an amendment but that can be done by way of rules, as has been done in the former Bombay State. Otherwise, the right of Belgaum people to send women representatives would be lost. Our privileges would stand curtailed.

I request the Hon'ble Minister to accept my amendments.

ಜನ್ಮು ಸದ್ಗುರು ಕಾಲ್ಯಾಜ್ 5 ಹೋಗಬೇಕೆನ್ನು ಪುದು ನನ್ನ ವಾದ. ಇದನ್ನು ಬಹಳವಾಗಿ ವಿವರಿಸಬೇಕಾದ ಅಗತ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ನನ್ನ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ, ಅದು ಪ್ರಿಯರು ತಿಳಿದಂಥ ವಿಷಯ, ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಮಾನಸಲು ನಾನ್ ಇದೆಯೋ ಅವರು ಮಾತ್ರ ನಿಲ್ಲಬೇಕೇ ಹೊರತು ಉಳಿದರೂ ಸಿಲ್ಲುವಾಡಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದ್ದು ರಿಂದ ವಿವರಣೆ ಕೊಡಬೇಕಾದ್ದು ಅನಾಶಯ್ಯಕ ಎಂದು ಭಾವನೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕ್ಕಾಗಿ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಈ ಬಿರುನಲ್ಲಿ ಹಣಕ್ಕಿಗೆ ಬ್ರೂಹಿಜನಾಗಿನ್ನು ಮಾಡುವಾದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಾಗಿದೆಯೇ ಹೊರತು ಬೇರೆ ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲೂ ಉಪಯೋಗಿವಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದ್ದು ರಿಂದ ಈ ಒಂದು ಕಾಲ್ಯಾಜ್ ಹೋಗಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಂತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೇಳಿಕೊಂಡು; ನನ್ನ ತಿದ್ದು ಪಡಿಯಿಂದ ಯಾವ ವಿಧವಾದ ಪರಿಣಾಮವಾಗಿರುವುದನ್ನು ಬಹಳವಾಗಿ ಅಗದೇ ಇರುವುದರಿಂದ ಇವುಗಳನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪಬೇಕಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

† శ్రీ సి. ఆర్. రంగేగౌడ.—నాయమి, ఈగ కాల విధానభూ నదస్యరు నావచ జింక పునాపోయిల్ల గార్చమాతర ప్రదేశాదింద మత్తు మునిసిపాలిటిగలంద బునాయిత రాగిరుత్తారే. సక్షారదపరు నిశ్చుద అభిధ్వి కాయుగిచల్ల అపరు నికశరిణి కెలన మాడుత్తా ఇజర్రి, అపరు యావ మునిసిపాల్ లమిట్స్ నెల్ల ఇరుత్తా రోల్ ఆ మునిసిపాల టియు ఎక్స్-అఫిషియల్ మేంబరాగిరబేకు మత్తు ఒట్ట మాడతక్క అవకాశమన్న ఆవిగి మాడికోడబేకు ఎందు హేళతక్క ఈ నన్న తెద్దు తాదియన్న సక్షారదపరు ఒట్టుకోశ్చ బేసేందు హేళుక్క నే.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪುಟ್ಟಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಸ್ವಾಮಿ, ನಾನು ಈ ತಿದ್ಯುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಾಗುಂಟಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪುತ್ತಕ್ಕೆ ಅಗತ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ನನ್ನ ಭಾವನೆ. ಶ್ರೀಸುಂತತಿಕರ್ತೆ ಅವರನ್ನು ತೈಸಿಪಡಿಸೆ ಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಆ ಬೇಕಾಗಾಂ ಪಟ್ಟಿಂಬಣ್ಣ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದೂ ಸಮರ್ಪಿಸಬಂತೆ ಇದ್ದರೆ ಮಾತ್ರ, ಅವರು ಒಪ್ಪುತ್ತಾರೆಂದು ಕಾಣಿತ್ತದೆ. ಬೇಕಾಗಾಮಿನ ಪೌರಿನಭೀಯಲ್ಲಿ 32-33 ಜನ ಸದಸ್ಯರಿಂದಾರೆಂದು ಅವರ ಹೇಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದರೆ ಈ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಂಟ್ರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯನ್ನು ಜಾಯಿಂಕ್ ಸೆರ್ಕ್ಯೂಲ್ ಕುರಿಷಿಯವರು ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆ ವಾಗಿ ಈ ತಿಂಡಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿರ್ಪಾರೆ. ಜನ ಜಾಸ್ತಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದರೆ ಅಡಿಲತ ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯಿತ್ತದೆ, ಇಲ್ಲವಾದರೆ ಅವರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಕಡಿಮೆಯಾದರೆ ಅವರ ಅದಿಕಾರವೂ ಕಡಿಮೆ ಅಯಿತೆಂದು ಅವರ ಭಾವನೆಯಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಜನ ಕಡವೆ ಅದರೂ ಅಡಿಲತ ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯಲು ಅವಕಾಶವಿದೆ.

ಇನ್ನು ಶ್ರೀ ಜಿ. ಎ. ಗೌಡರೂ ಮತ್ತು ಶ್ರೀ ನುಂಡಿಕರ್ ಅವರು ಕೊನೆ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗಳ ಗಳಿಗೆ ಜಿಬ್ಬರು ಮಹಿಳೆಯರೂ, ಸಿಟಿ ಮನುಖರಾಲಿಗಳಿಗೆ 4 ಜನ ಮಹಿಳೆಯರೂ ಜರಬೆಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದರೆ ಶ್ರೀ ಜಿ. ಎ. ಗೌಡರು ಎಲ್ಲಕಡಿಗೂ 4 ಜನ ಮಹಿಳೆಯರು ಇದೆತೀರಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದಾರೆ. ಆ ಕ್ಷಾಜನ್ ತೀರ್ಥಾನ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಹಿಳೆಯರು ಎಲ್ಲಿ ತಿಳಿನಾವಳಿಗೆ ನಿಂತು ಗೇರ್ದು ಬರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿದೆ, ಎಲ್ಲಿ ಅಂಥ ಅವಕಾಶವಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂಬಿದನ್ನು ಅರ್ಥಾತ್ ಮಾಡಿ ಇದನ್ನು ಮಾಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಹಿಂದೆ ಸೆಲೆಕ್ಟ್ ನಮಿತಯಲ್ಲಿ ಜರ್ಕ್ ಅಗ್ನಿತ್ರಾಗಿಗೆ ಇದರ ಅವಶ್ಯಕತೆಯೇ ಇರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ಪಡೆದ್ದಾರು. ಅದರ ಕಡೆಗೆ ಆ ತೀರ್ಥಾನಕೆ ಬಿಂದರು, ಇಷ್ಟ್ ಸಾಕು ಎಂದು ನಾನು ಭಾಬಿಸಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಅಂಥ ತೊಂದರೆಯೇನೂ ಅಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

(ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪಟ್ಟನಾಯಕ್)

ಇನ್ನು ಇವರು ಆ ಕ್ಷಾತ್ರ ರನ್ನು ಬಿಳ್ಳಿ ಬಿದಬೀಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದನ್ನು ಕೈಬಿಳ್ಳಿ ರೀಯಾರು ಯಾರ ಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಕಾದರೂ ಸ್ಥಿರ ಮಾಡಬಹುದೆಯ ಹೇಳಿದಹಾಗೆ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಅಗ ಆ ಕ್ಷಾತ್ರಿನಲ್ಲಿರುವಂತೆ ಇರತಕ್ಕದ್ದೇ ಸರಿ, ಇದನ್ನು ಬದಲಾವಣಿ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕ ಅಗತ್ಯಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಅರೆಕ್ಕಿರಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಇನ್ನು ಶ್ರೀ ರಂಗೇಗ್ರಾದರು ಆ ಶಾಸನಸಭಾ ಸದಸ್ಯರುಗಳನ್ನು ಪೌರಸಭೆಗಳಿಗೂ ಎಕ್ಸ್ ಅಫಿಲ್ಯೂ ಸದಸ್ಯರವೂ ಗೆನ್ರೆಪುಕ ಮಾಡಬೀಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರು. ಅದೇರೆ ಅಗಾಗರೇ ಆ ಪೌರಸಭೆಗಳಿಗೆ ದಿನದಿನಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಕೆಲಸ ಕಾರ್ಯಗಳು ಜಾಸ್ತಿಯಾಗುತ್ತಿರುವದರಿಂದ ಆ ಸಭೆಗಳು ಬೇಗ ಬೇಗ ಕೂಡಬೀಕಾಗುತ್ತವೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಹಿಂಡಿಗನ್ನು ದಿರೆ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಆಗುವದಿಲ್ಲ. ಇತ್ತು ಅಸೆಂಬ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಸಿರ ಸಭೆಗಳು ಕೂಡಿತರೆ ಮೂರು ನಾಲ್ಕು ತಿಂಗಳು ಒಂದೇ ಸಮನಾಗಿ ಕೂಡಬೀಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಹೀಗಾಗಿ ಇದು ಬಬ್ಲಿರಿಗೆಬ್ಲಿರಿಗೆ ಹೇಳಿದಾವಣಿಕೆಯಾಗುವದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದುಂತ ನಡೆಸುವ ಇದರಿಂದ ತೊಂದರೆಯೇ ವಿನಾ ಆಸುಕಾಲ ಆಗುವದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದುರಿಂದ ನಾನೀಗೆ ಅವರ ವಾದವನ್ನು ಬಹ್ವಾಪ್ಯದರ್ಶಕಾಗುವದಿಲ್ಲ. ಆ ಕ್ಷಾತ್ರ ಅಗ ಇವೆಂತೆಯೇ ಇರಬೀಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಇನ್ನು ಶ್ರೀ ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪ ಇವರು ಹೇಳಿದ ವಾದವನ್ನು ನಾನು ಬಹ್ವಾಪ್ಯದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸದಸ್ಯರುಗಳು ತಮ್ಮ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ದಯವಿಟ್ಟು ವಾವನ್ನು ತಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

**SRI B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—I am not putting Belgaum as standard. I am putting the Bombay Act as standard.

**SRI G. V. GOWDA.**—No. Sir, The seats are reserved for a particular category.

**MR. SPEAKER.**—“One of the principles of drafting is” repeat if you like to make it clear. Are any of the amendments being withdrawn?

**SRI C. R. RANGE GOWDA.**—I desire to withdraw my amendment, Sir.

**SRI G. V. GOWDA.**—I also withdraw my amendment, Sir.

**MR. SPEAKER.**—I will put the amendments in the same order. Sri C. V. Venkatarayappa's amendment.

The question is:

“That in sub-clause (1) of clause 11 for the existing table the following Table shall be substituted :

**T A B L E**

Population of Municipality	No. of Councillors
(i) For a Municipality with a population not exceeding 20,000	15
(ii) For a Municipality with a population exceeding 20,000 but not exceeding 50,000	15 plus 2 councillors for every 5,000 population beyond 20,000.
(iii) For a Municipality with a population exceeding 50,000 but not exceeding one lakh.	27 plus 2 councillors for every 25,000 population beyond 50,000.
(iv) For a Municipality with a population one lakh.	25

At the end of the explanation, the following shall be added :

“Plus the increase in population at the rate of some percentage as prescribed by Government for every year up to the date of preparation of Voters List.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment by Sri B. R. Sunthankar : The question is :

“That in sub-clause (1) in the Table,

(a) for the figure 19 in item (ii), the figure 20 shall be substituted.

(b) in item (ii) for the figure 22, the figure 25 shall be substituted.

(c) in item (iv) for the figure 27, the figure 20 shall be substituted.

(d) in item (v) for the figure 1, the figure 40 shall be substituted.

(e) in item (vi), after the words “1 lakh”, the words “but not exceeding 1,50,000”, shall be substituted.

(ii) For the figure 38, the figure 50 shall be substituted. The following item shall be added after item (vi) :

“for a Municipality with a population exceeding 1,50,000-60 councillors”.

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That in sub-clause (1) in the second column of item (vi) of the Table, for the figure “35” the figure “40” shall be substituted”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That in sub-clause (2), the words “Subject to the provision of Section 12”, shall be deleted.

*The motion was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That in sub-clause (4) line two, for the words “one” and “two” the words “two” and “four” shall be substituted respectively.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment

The question is :

“That in sub-clause (4) for the words “one” for each Town Municipality and two for each City Municipality” the word “two” shall be substituted :

*The amendment was negative.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment of Sri G. V. Gowda.....

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I beg leave to withdraw the same, Sir.

*The amendment was by leave of the House withdrawn.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment No. 11

**Sri C. R. RANGE GOWDA.**—I beg leave to withdraw, Sir.

*The amendment was by leave of the House withdrawn*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—I will now put the clause to the vote of the House.  
The question is :

“That Clause 11 stand part of the Bill”.

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 11 was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Clause 12. There are two amendments. Sri G. V. Gowda may move :

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I beg to move :

“That the words “due to failure to elect the full number of councillors and any vacaney” shall be deleted”.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That the words “due to failure to elect the full number of councillors and any vacaney” shall be deleted”.

I do not know whether by not having that, this will be effective. What is the effect of Sri Sunthankar’s amendment and why should I permit him to move it ?

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—I will oppose the clause, Sir.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—So shall I take it that his amendment to clause 12 is not moved ?

2-30 P.M.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—I will oppose the clause.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The Hon’ble Member may oppose the clause, but what about the amendment ? (After a pause.)

So amendment No. 13 is not moved.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Clause 12 contemplates ‘appointment by Government when councillor not elected. ‘Any vacancy due to failure to elect the full number of councillors.....’ I fail to understand the words ‘failure to elect’. Such failure could be traced to the electorate. Suppose in a division three people have got to be elected and three nominations are filed. For some reason or other, all nomination papers get rejected; then there will be no election, because there will be no valid nomination. In such a case under this clause Government takes the power.....

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—All nominations are either valid or invalid. Don’t rules provide that?

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—We must announce another calendar of events, call for fresh applications and we must proceed to elect representatives from that particular division. Another opportunity for the electorate must be given and if after the opportunity is given again to the electorate and if the mistake is attributable to the electorate, let the Government take the power to make appointments. Under clause 19, a casual vacancy has got to be filled and it has got to be filled up by a re-election.

“Where a vacancy occurs through the resignation or non-acceptance of office by a person elected or nominated to be a councillor, or through such person becoming disqualified to be a councillor or through any election being set aside under the provisions of section 23 or through the death, removal or disability of a councillor previous to the expiry of his term of office, the vacancy shall be filled up as soon as may be after the occurrence of such vacancy by the election of a person thereto.”

If there is a failure to have a re-election, then Government could nominate. So far as this clause is concerned, we can understand. But so far as clause 12 is concerned, Government arbitrarily would take power to nominate or appoint persons whenever invalid nominations are found. It is also possible for politics to enter. Suppose I am influential, I can see that some genuine nominations are declared invalid. Let the party go to court; that is a different matter. For that vacancy, a weak man may be got appointed. This would give scope for all these complications. Therefore, I request the Government to see that first of all, the electorate must be given a chance and when there is a failure on their part, let Government step into the shoes and make an appointment and not before that. If you don’t accept this amendment, I am afraid that democracy would be at stake. To avoid all these complications, it is desirable and consistent with democratic principles to give a second chance to the electorate to fill up those vacancies.

**†Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—I strongly oppose this clause because this clause introduces the unhealthy element of nomination by Government. If there is any vacancy in the municipality, it must be filled up by election. To elect their representative is the right of the electorate given by the Constitution and if there is any vacancy, the electorate must elect their new representative. So Government has no concern in

(SRI B. R. SUNTHANKAR)

this respect. To elect a representative is solely the concern of the people. Government has no business to interfere in the matter of elections. By nominating a Councillor, Government is depriving the electorate of their right to vote and the right to elect. This strikes at the very roots of democratic principles as has been pointed by my friend Sri G. V. Gowda.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I remember all these words which he had said at the time of first reading of the Bill. Why should he repeat it?

SRI B. R. SUNTHANKAR.—By introducing this element of nomination, Government is exactly following in the footsteps of the British Government. The British Government for their own interests and convenience were retaining the power of nominating members and that principle is abolished when the Congress Government came into power. I want to emphatically oppose this clause.

శ్రీ సి. జి. ముక్కెళ్ళ ప్ర. (శిరా).—సామై, ఈ వికార చిఫెగే బందాగ నానూ సేలేకు కమిషన్ యాల్డ్ నమ్మ మాన్య మంత్రిగళు అధ్యక్షరాగి ఆగ అవు హేధుదు గదగ, చెంగేరి హాగా బిభగాం ఈ భాగిష మునిషిపాలిటిగళన్ను మనస్తినట్టిట్టుకొండు ఇల్ల తొందరే ఇదే ఎందు ఇదరల్ల సేరిసిద్దారే. హిదె ఇద్ద ప్రజాప్రతినిధి నభేయల్ల 59-60 జన సద్వ్యరున్న నామకరణ మాడుత్తుదాగ ఏకే ఆ రీతి మాడబేకాగిత్తు ఎందు కేళుత్తుదేరు. హాగిరువాగ ఆగ ఆ కాజీనల్ల నమ్మ మంత్రిగళు గదగ చెంగేరి మునిషిపాలిటిగళన్ను మనస్తినట్టట్టుకొండు ఈ రీతి సరకార అధికారపాన్నికి ఇట్టుకొళ్ళ బేకు ఎన్నివుడన్న స్నిల్ల యోడెన్ మాడబేకు ఎందు నాను హేళుత్తుద్దేనే. చునావణే మాడవాగ ఒందప్ప ఏరచు నారి అవకాశపాన్ని కోట్టు హాగా మాడదే హోదరే ఆగ సరకార అదర మేలే తక్కు క్రమ తెగేదుకొళ్ళ వంతే అవకాశ ఇరబేకిందు నన్ని భావనే.

శ్రీ ఎస్. గోపాలగాండి (తీర్థకథ).—సామై, ఈ 12నేయ ప్రక్రణ మంగల బుద్ధీకరిక్కే విరోధవాగిరువదల్లదే తుంబ ప్రతిగాము స్వరూపదాడ్దిగిదే. ఆద్దిరింద ఈ ప్రక్రణపాన్ని కుబిడబేకు ఎందు మాన్య సచివరల్ల కేళికొళ్ళుత్తేనే. ఆగాగలే ఇదు సేలేకే నమ్మతియల్ల చిఫెగ్యాదాగాలూ మాన్య సచివరు ఎనోఇ మాన్య సద్వ్యరిగే ఉత్తర రూపచట్ట హేధుదరు, అదు త్విత్తికరవాగిరపల్ల ఎందు మాన్య శ్రీ ముక్కెళ్ళ ప్పసవర భాషణ దింద త్తిలుతు.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I have not heard him saying to that extent; he has no right to refer to what happened in the Select Committee.

శ్రీ ఎస్. గోపాలగాండి.—ఇదరల్లయిన ముఖ్యవాగి చేఖగాం, గదగ అధవ ఇన్నోందు కింది మునిషిపాలిటియాల్రీరక్కంథ పరిస్తీతి చునావచేసిగే బట్టియి వాతావరణ ఇల్ల, ఆద్దిరింద ఉండిగిప్పు నామకరణ మాడకక్కంథ వ్యవస్థ మంగందువరసువుదు ఒక్క ఇందు ఎంబ ఒందు సంచూ మాడికొండు, నమ్మ మాన్య సచివరు ఈ ఏది అవవా ప్రక్రణద మంగలక పదేదుకొళ్ళబేకు ఎందు కొరపిడార్లారే. ఇదు పూరసభగిష తక్కుకే తీర దక్కేయున్న తరతక్కంథ, అస్తిత్వపాన్ని అల్లగారేయుచంథ ఏది ఎందు నాను బహచ ఏపాదింద హేళబేకాగిది. సరకారపాగెర్ల ఇంద స్థితియల్ల చునావణే మాడు వెడకే అవకాశవాగువిట్లు ఎన్ను వుడన్ని మాన్య సచివరు ఏదిని హేళించు లేన్నిగిత్తు— ఇంధింధ సంంధభిగచు నామకరణ మాడము అనివార్య ఎందు అదరు తీరసబేకాగిత్తు. ఈ ఏదియి మంగలక బిహార్ దోష్ట అధికారపాన్ని తాపు ఇట్టుకొండు కేలపు కండగపల్ల సరకారపాగు రాజకీయవాగి కస్తేప మాడిదరె, చునావణేగిష మంగల జనర బహు మంతపమ్మ పడేదు బిధవు యామ కాబుచెన్నా సాధిసికొళ్ళపుదక్కే అగుపుట్లు. అంధ సంంధభిగచు తమ్మ అధికారపాన్ని ఈ ఒందు వాపు మాగ్యదింద శాక్ష్యతవాగి సాధిపునే

ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು, ತಮ್ಮ ಅಧಿಕಾರವನು ಮಾಂದುವರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಹೇಗೆ, ಸ್ವಲ್ಪಿಯ ಸಂಹಿತೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಚುನಾಯಿತರಾದ ಜನರ ತರೀಯ ಮೇಲೆ ಗೂಚಿಯನ್ನು ಕೂರಿಸಬಹುದು; ಅನ್ಯವರು ಜೀವರಲ್ಲಿ ಬಹಳ ಸ್ವಷ್ಟಿವಾಗಿದೆ. ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರಿಗೆ ಒಕ್ಕೆಯ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪಿಯ ಸಂಹಿತೆಗಳು, ಪುರಸಭೆಗಳು, ನಡೆಯಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವ ಅನ್ಯ ಇದೆಯಂದು ನಾನು ಭಾವಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಮತ್ತು ಅವರು ಅದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಬಹಳ ಶ್ರದ್ಧೆಯಿಂದ, ಎಂದರೆ zealous ಅಗಿದಾಗ್ಗೆ ಎಂದು ನಾನು ನಂಬಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಏನಾದರಿಂದ ತಪ್ಪಿ ನಡೆದರೆ, ಅನಾಹತಗಳು, ಅಕ್ರಮಗಳು ಅದರೆ, ಅವಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳ್ಳುತ್ತಕ್ಕಂತಹ ಅಧಿಕಾರವನ್ನು ನರಕಾರ ನಾಕಷ್ಟು ಹೊಂದಿರಬೇಕೆಂದು ಇದೆ. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಕ್ಷಾಳಜಿನಲ್ಲಿಯೂ with the approval of the Government ಎಂದಿದೆ. ನರಕಾರದ ಅಂಗೀಕಾರ ಪಡೆದೇ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕಂತಹ ಎಂದು ಬರಿದು ಕೇಳುತ್ತಾರೆ. ತಾತ್ತ್ವಿಕವಾಗಿ ನಾವು ಚುನಾವಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂದು ಕೆಲವು ಕೆಲಸ ಕಾಯ Fಗಳು ವಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಹೇಗೆಗೋಳಿ ಎಂದು ಒಂದು ಕಾನೆನು ಮೂಲಕ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಕೊಡುತ್ತೇವೆ. ಅಂಥ ಕಡೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಕಡೆಯೂ ನಾವು ನರಕಾರದ ಅನುಮತಿಯನ್ನು ಪೂರ್ಣ ಭಾವಿಯಾಗಿ ಪಡೆದು ಕಲನವನ್ನು ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕಂತಹ ಎಂದು ಹೇಗೆ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿದಂದ, ಅಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಅಧಿಕಾರವನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಂತೆ ಆಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅವರು ನಿರ್ಣಯಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕಂಥವರು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಈ ನಿರ್ಣಯಗಳನ್ನು ಅಂಗೀಕಾರ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ನಾಧ್ಯಾಲ್ಪಿ ಎಂದು ಸರಕಾರದವರು ಹೇಳಬಹುದು. ಅಂಥ ಕೆಲವು ವಿರೋಧಾಭಾಸಗಳು ಈ ಮನುಷ್ಯಾದಿಪ್ರಾಣಿ ಪಿಕ ಕೇಳಲಿಪಿಯಲ್ಲಿ, ಎನ್ನ ನಡೆಯೂ ಗೇತ್ತಿತ್ತಾಗಿಲ್ಲ.

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ನೇರೆಕ್ಕೆ ಕಮಿಟಿಯವರು ಕೊಡುವುದು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ಮಾತ್ರ. ಮುಂಬರು ದಿನ್ನೆಂಟಿಂಗ್ ನೋಟ್ ಕೊಡಬಹುದು.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲ ಗೌಡ.—ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಪಡಕ್ಕೆ ತಮ್ಮ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯವನ್ನು ಈ ರೀತಿ ಪ್ರತಿಸಿಲ್ಲವೋ, ಎನ್ನ ಒತ್ತಾಯಿ, ಪ್ರಾಪ್ತ ಅವರ ಮೇಲೆ ಇತ್ತೂ ಗೇತ್ತಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಬಹಳ ಕಡೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇಂಥ ವಿರೋಧಾಭಾಸಗಳು ಇವೆ. ಆ 12ನೇಯ ಏಧಿಯನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಇದುವುದರಿಂದ ಬಹಳ ಅಪಾಯ ಎದೆ. ನರಕಾರದ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಒಂದು ವಾಗ್ಯದ್ದು ನಡೆಯಬಹುದು, ಇಂದು ನಂಧರ್ಫದಲ್ಲಿ ನರಕಾರದವರಿಗೂ ಮುನ್ಹಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯವರಿಗೂ ಆಕ್ರಮ್ಯ, ವಿಪರ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಒಂದು ಸ್ವೇಚ್ಚಾ ಅಕ್ಷಯಿಸಣ್ಣ ಎಷಟು ದಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ತಿಕಾಂತ ಬರಬಹುದು. ರಾಜಕೀಯವಾಗಿ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಕೊನ್ನಿಲರುಗಳೂ ರಾಜೀನಾಮೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಬಿಡು ಬಿಡು ಹಬುತ್ತಿದ್ದು. ಅಂಥ ಮುನ್ಹಿ ಪಾಲಿಟಿ ಅವರು ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್‌ಸ್ಟರ್ಟರು ಅಗಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅಂಥ ನಂಧರ್ಫದಲ್ಲಿ ತಾವ್ಯಾಲ್ಪರಿಗೆ ರಾಜೀನಾಮೆ ಕೊಡಿಸುವ ಪ್ರಾಯ ಹಂಡಿಯನ್ನೂ, ತೊಂದರೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಡುಹಬುತ್ತಿದ್ದು. ಅವರು, ಫನತೆ ಬಳಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ರಾಜೀನಾಮೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿಟ್ಟಿರುತ್ತಿದ್ದೀರೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಚುನಾವಣೆಯಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ನಾಮುಕರಣ ತಪ್ಪಿವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ನಾನು ಶ್ರೀ ಪಂಚನಾಮಾಯವರಲ್ಲಿ ವಿನಂತಿ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬುದ್ದೀನೆಂದರೆ ಈ ಜಿನತಂತ್ರ ಪ್ರದಾಹಬುತ್ತದಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವಾಗೂ ನಾವು ಜಿನರು ಅಧಿಕಾರವನು ಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು, ಕೂನಾವಣೆಯ ಮೂಲಕ ತಮ್ಮ ಸಂಹಿತೆಗಳ ಸ್ವಾನವನ್ನು ಭರ್ತು ಯಾವ ನಂಧರ್ಫದಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಬರಬಾರಾದು. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ತಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತೊಮ್ಮೆ ಎಂಂತಿ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬುದ್ದೀನೆಂದರೆ ಆ 12ನೇಯ ವಿಧಿಯನ್ನು ಇಷ್ಟಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬುದ್ದೀಕೆ ನಾಕಷ್ಟು ಕಾರಣಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಈ ಪ್ರಕರಣದಿಂದ ಬಹಳ ಸಲ ತಾತ್ತ್ವಿಕ ಧರ್ಕೆ ಬಿರೆತಕ್ಕಂಥ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಕಾರ ವರ್ತನು ಹಾದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿರುತ್ತದೆ, ಅದ್ದರಿಂದ ಅದನ್ನು ಕೈಗೆಬಿಡಬೇಕು. ಮತ್ತು ಈ ವಿಧಿಯನ್ನು ನಾನು ವಿರೋಧಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪ್ರಜ್ಞಪ್ರಾಯಿ.—ನಾವ್ಯಾಮಿ, ನಮ್ಮ ಮಾನ್ಯ ನಡೆಸುತ್ತಿರು ಹೇಳಿದ ತತ್ವವನ್ನೇ ಲ್ಲಾ ನಾನು ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ಒಪ್ಪುತ್ತೇನೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅದನ್ನು ಶ್ರದ್ಧಾಸತ್ತೆಯಿಂದ ಅಂತರಿಂದಿರು ತರಬೇಕೆನ್ನು ವಹಂಬಿವನ್ನೂ ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಅದರ ಮಾನ್ಯ ನಡೆಸುತ್ತಿರು ಶ್ರೀ ಗೋಪಾಲಗಾಂಡರು ಮಾತನಾಡಿದಂಥ ವೇಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರಿಗೆ 19 ನೇ ಕ್ಷಾಳಿನ ಗಮನವಿರಲ್ಲಿ ಎಂದು ಅವರ ಮಾತನಿಂದ ಸ್ವಷ್ಟಿವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ನರಕಾರದ ವೇಳೆ ಸಿಹಿಗೆದ್ದು ಏನಾದರಿಂದ ಕೆಲವರು ರಾಜೀನಾಮೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರೆ, ಅಂಥ ಸಂಧರ್ಫದಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಕಾರ ಅದೇ ಅವಕಾಶವನ್ನು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ನಾಮಾನ್ಯಾ ಮಾಡಬಹುದು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರು. ಅದು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಎನ್ನುವುದು ಕ್ಷಾಳಿ 19 ರಿಂದ ಸ್ವಷ್ಟಿವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ಕಾರ್ಯಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ವೇದಿನ್ನಿಂದ ಬಂದಾಗರೆಲ್ಲ, ಆ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಎಲೆಕ್ಷನ್ ಮಾಡಿಬೇಕು. ಎಲೆಕ್ಷನ್ ಯಾರೂ ಮುಂದೆ ಬರೆದ ಅಜ್ಞ ಹಾಕಬೆ ಇರುವ ವೇಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಕಾರ ಅಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಮಾಡಬಹುದು: ಎಂದು 12ನೇ ಕ್ಷಾಳಿ ಜನಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವುದು.

(ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪುಟ್ಟನಾಯಕ್)

ಶ್ರೀ ಪೆಂಕಡೆಗ್ಗಾಡರು ಒಂದು ವಿಕಾರವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದರು ; ಅಂತಿಗಳು ವಿಕಾರ ಅದರೆ it won't be a failure on the part of the ward or division to elect councillors ಎಂದು. ಅಂತಿಗಳು ವಿಕಾರ ಅದರೆ ಇದು ಹೊನದೇನೂ ಅಲ್ಲ. ಹಿಂದಿನ ಕಾನ್ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಕ್ ಕಾನ್ನಾನಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಇದೇ ತರಹ ಕಾಳಿಸಿದೆ. ಇಷ್ಟು ವರ್ಷ ಅಡಿತ್ತ ನಡೆದೂ ಯಾವತ್ತಿಗೂ ಅದನ್ನು ಉತ್ತರೋಗಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ನಕಾರರ ನೇಮುಕ ಮಾಡಿದಂತಹ ನಿರ್ದರ್ಶನ ಒಂದೂ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಆಂತಿಗಳ ನಡೆಯಲ್ಕು ವೇಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮುಕ್ತಿಗ್ರಾಮ ನವರು ಗದಗ-ಬಿಂಗೆರಿ ವಿಕಾರವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದರು. ಅದು ಈ ಸಂದರ್ಭಕ್ಕೆ ಅನ್ಯಾಯವಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಗದಗ-ಬಿಂಗೆರಿ, ಬಿಂಗಾರಂ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಜೀವನಾವಳಿ ಕಾಗ್ಯಲೆಂದರನ್ನು ಹಾಕಿದ ವೇಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಕಾದಷ್ಟು ಜನ ಅಂತಿಗಳಾದರು. ಅಂತಿಗಳ ಹಾಕದೆ ಅಲ್ಲ ಇಂಥ ಅವಕಾಶ ಬರುವಂತಹ ಸ್ಥಿತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ. ಒಂದು ಪಕ್ಷ ಹೇಳುವುದಾದರೆ ಕೆಲವು ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರೋಫೆಟಿಕ್ ಇರಬಹುದು. ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರೋಫೆಟಿಕ್ ಇರುವ ಕಡೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಜನ ಮುಂದೆ ಬರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ ಎನ್ನುವುದೇನೂ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಅವಕಾಶ ಮಾಡಿರುವುದು, ಕೆಲವು ವೇಳೆ ಕಾಗ್ಯಲೆಂದರು ಹಾಕಿದಾಗ ಅಂತಿಗಳ ಹಾಕದೆ ಇರಬಹುದು. ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ನಾರಿ ಕಾಗ್ಯಲೆಂದರು ಹಾಕಿದಾಗಲೂ ಜನ ಮುಂದೆ ಬಾರದೆ ಇರತಕ್ಕ ಸಂದರ್ಭ ಬರಬಹುದು. ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಕಾನ್ನಿಲ್ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ಕುನಾಯಿತವಾಯಿತು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಎಲ್ಲ ನಾಗ್ನಗಳ ಪೂರ್ತಿಯಾಗಿ ಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಕಿಂಗೆ ಹೇಳುವುದು ನವರು ಅಭಿಪೂರ್ಯ ಪಡ್ಡದಾರೆ. ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ವಿಕಾರವೆಂದರೆ ಒಂದು ಪಕ್ಷ ಅಂತಿಗಳ ಹಾಕದೆ ಇಳ್ಳದೆ ಎನ್ನ ಮಾನುತಾರೆಯೇ ನೋಡಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವ ವರಿಗೆ ನಕಾರರ ನಾಮಕರಣ ಮಾನುತಾರೆ ಎಂದರೆ ಅಂತಿಗಳ ಹಾಕಿದಾಗ ಕೂಡಿದು ಎನ್ನುವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನು ಕೂಡ ಅದೇ ಅಭಿಪೂರ್ಯವುಪ್ಪಾಗುವು. ಇದುವರೆಗೂ ಯಾವ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗೂ ನಾಮಕರಣ ಮಾಡಿರತಕ್ಕ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿ ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟ ಬಳ್ಳಿರೂ ಮೇಲುನೂರು ದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ. ಅದುದಿನ ಮಾನ್ಯ ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟ ಈ ವಿಕಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ತಂತಕಿಯನ್ನು ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದು ಹೊನದೇನೂ ಅಲ್ಲ. ಅಗಿರತಕ್ಕ ಕಾಳಜನ್ನು ಒಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ಏನಂತ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆನೆ.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I would withdraw the amendment. The amendment was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

**MR. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That clause 12 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 12 was added to the Bill.

#### CLAUSE 14.

**Sri GANGADHAR NAMOSHI.**—I beg to move :

“That for item (c), the following shall be substituted :

“(c) the number of single Member Divisions and the number of two-Member Divisions, where one of the seats shall be a reserved seat.”

“Item (d) shall be deleted.”

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I beg to move :

“That in line 3, for the words “the Government” the words “the Deputy Commissioner of each Revenue District” shall be substituted.”

Mr. SPEAKER.—Amendment moved :

“That for item (c), the following shall be substituted :

“(c) the number of single Member Divisions and the number of two-Member Divisions, where one of the seats shall be a reserved seat.”

“That item (d) shall be deleted.”

“That in line 3, for the words “the Government” the words “the Deputy Commissioner of each Revenue District” shall be substituted.”

† ಶ್ರೀ ಗಂಗಾಧರ ನಾವೋಳಿ.—ನಾವೋಳಿ, ನಿನ್ನು ದಿನ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಉತ್ತರ ಕೊಡುತ್ತ, ಏಕ ಸದಸ್ಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಗಳಾಗಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ನನ್ನದೂ ಅಭಿಪೂರ್ಯವಿತ್ತು. ಅದರೇ ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ 150 ಜನ ಒಳಗುಗಳಾಗುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅವರಿಗೆ ದುಡು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿ ಕೆಲವೇ ಜನರು ಚುನಾಯಿತರಾಗುವ ಪ್ರಸಂಗ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರು. ಇಂತೆ ನಾವಿರ ಜನನಂಬ್ಯೇ ಇರುವ ಒಂದು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡರೆ 15 ಜನ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾಗಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಒಟ್ಟು ಜನನಂಬ್ಯೇಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೂರಕ್ಕೆ 60-65 ಜನ ಒಳಗುಗಳಾಗುತ್ತಾರೆ. 1950ನೇ ಸನ್ನಿಸ್ತ ಅದ ಹೇಳೇ ಜನನಂಬ್ಯೇ ವರಿಕೊಂಡು ಹೊಗ್ಗಾಗುತ್ತಿರುವುದನ್ನು ನಾವು ನೋಡುತ್ತೇವೆ. ಆ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡರೆ ಪ್ರತಿ 800-900 ಒಳಗುಗಳಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ಸದಸ್ಯ ನಾಳ್ಳನ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಕಾಳ್ಜಿನ (ನಿ) ಭಾಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಗೆ ಹೇಳಿದಾರೆ:

“13(c) the number of seats allotted to each territorial division which shall be not less than three and not more than five :”

ಈ ಪ್ರಕಾರವಾಗಿ ಮುಖರಿಂದ ಇದು ಜನರವರಿಗೂ ಇರಬಹುದು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿತ್ತಾರೆ. ಎಲ್ಲ ಕಡೆಯೂ ನಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ನಾಲ್ಕೊಂದು ಪಕ್ಷಗಳು ಇದ್ದುದ್ದೇ. ಕಮ್ಯೂನಲ್ಸ್, ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್, ಕ್ರಿಕಾ ನೇಲ್ಲೆಮಿಯಲ್ಸ್, ಸ್ಪೆಟಂತ್ರ ಹೇಗೆ ಇರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಇದು ಪಕ್ಷಗಳೂ ಇದು ಜನರಿಂತಹ ಚುನಾವಣೆಗೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದರೆ 25 ಜನ ಅಗುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಇದರ ಜೊತೆಗೆ ಪಕ್ಷಾತಿಂತರು 5-6 ಜನರಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಎಂದರೆ 30 ಜನರ ಉದ್ದೇಶ ಪಟ್ಟ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಆ ಪಟ್ಟಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಇದು ಜನರನ್ನು ಅರಿಸಬೇಕು ಎಂದರೆ ಎಲ್ಲ ಗುರುತು ಮಾಡಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ತಮ್ಮ ಅನುಯಾಯಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅಧಿವಾ ಹಿಂಬಾಲಿಕರನ್ನು ಕೆಲವರನ್ನು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇರಿಸುವ ಸಲುವಾಗಿ ಅಧಿವಾ ಬೇರೆ ಕಾರಣದಿಂದ ಇಂಥಿ 3-4 ಜನರನ್ನು ಅರಿಸುವ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಗಳನ್ನಾಗಿ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆಯೇ ಅನೇಕ ಗೊತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ. ಅವರ ಉದ್ದೇಶವೇನೇಂಬಿದು ತಿಳಿಯಾಡಿಲ್ಲ. ನಮಗೆ ಆಗಿರುವ ಅನುಭವದಿಂದ ನಾವು ಪಾಠ ಕಲಿಯಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ. ಪಾರ್ಲಿಮೆಂಟ್ ಮತ್ತು ಅಸೆಂಟ್ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಗಳಿಗೆ ಇಜುವರಿಗೂ ದ್ವಿಸದಸ್ಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಗಳಿಂದು ನ್ನು ಈ ಸಲ ಏಕಸದಸ್ಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಗಳಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದರ ಅನುಭವದಿಂದರಾದರೂ ನಾವು ಏಕ ಸದಸ್ಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ. ಇಡ್ಲಿದ್ದೆ ಚುನಾವಣೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾರಾದರೂ ಒಬ್ಬರು ಕರಪ್ಪೆ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಕ್ಟನ್ ಮಾಡಿದರೆಲ್ಲರೆ, ಕೊಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಹೋದಿರೆ ಚುನಾವಣೆಗೆ ಗಳನ್ನು ರದ್ದು ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ನಾರ್ಕೆಡಿದ್ದು ಜನರೂ ಮತ್ತೆ ಚುನಾವಣೆಗೆ ನಿಲಬೇಕು. ಇಂಥ ಪ್ರಸಂಗ ಬರುವಧನ್ಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಕಮಿಟಿಯವರು ಗಮನದಲ್ಲಿ ಇಟ್ಟಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೀರೋ ಇಲ್ಲವೋ ಎನ್ನುವುದು ನನಗೆ ಗೊತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ. ಭಾರತ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಒಳೆಯ ಪ್ರಜಾಪಾಪಿಷ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ದ್ವಿಪೀಠಿಯಿಂದ ಚುನಾವಣೆಗಳನ್ನು ನಡೆಸುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ಪ್ರಪಂಚದಲ್ಲೀ ಬಾಂತಿ ಪಡೆದಿದೆ. ಅವರೇ ಎರಡು ಚುನಾವಣೆಗಳನ್ನು ನಡೆಸಿದ ನಂತರ ತಾವು ಗಳಿನಿದ ಅನುಭವದ ಹೇಳೇ ರಿಸವ್ ಮತ್ತು ಜನರಲ್ ಎಂದು ಬೇರೆ ಬೇರೆ ಚುನಾವಣೆ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಗಳಾಗಿ ವಿಂಗಡಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಈ ಎಲ್ಲ ಕಾರಣಗಳಿಂದ ಬಹು ಸದಸ್ಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ಇಡೊರದಿಂದ ನಾನು ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ವಿನಂತ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಇದು ವೈನಾರ್ ಅವೆಂಡ್ ಮೆಂಟ್ ಚೆಂಟಿಗಾರುವದರಿಂದ ಒಟ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ಕೊಂಡರೆ ಒಳೆಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆಯೇ.

† Sri G. V. GOWDA.—I have suggested simple amendment. Clause 13 contemplates that the Government should take responsibility of demarcating territorial divisions into which each municipality shall be divided.

(SRI G. V. GOWDA)

Sir, I am afraid that it is unnecessary and unwarranted responsibility that the Government wants to take. Sir, the Deputy Commissioner of each revenue district, if he is invested with sufficient powers to demarcate these territorial divisions in respect of the town municipality and city municipality, that is likely to be situated with the limits of a particular district, it would be enough and Government should have some power to review the matter on voters' application or on the application of some aggrieved party. Government taking up this job at the time of each general election to these Municipalities is something with which I cannot reconcile. Therefore, I am suggesting that this power has to be conferred on the Deputy Commissioner and against the orders of the Deputy Commissioner, if the Government desire, they may have appellate authority or revisional powers. The Deputy Commissioner of each District may perform this function.

3-00 P.M.

SRI K. PUTTASWAMY.—Sir, I am unable to accept any of these amendments.

MR. SPEAKER.—How was it before?

SRI K. PUTTASWAMY.—Same as now and there has been no trouble at any time.

And one aspect seems to have escaped the attention of my Hon'ble friend. In some of the municipalities there will be a commissioner who would be of the status of a Deputy Commissioner. In such cases, the recommendations of the Municipal Commissioner cannot be sent to the Deputy Commissioner, and they may have to go to the Commissioner. Ordinarily, Government will not take the responsibility of this work. Usually it is delegated to officers. Under clause 321 there is power for delegation to the Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner. In certain cases some power becomes necessary to delegate this power to the Commissioner and in certain other cases to the Deputy Commissioners. In some cases it may become necessary—in the case of important cities to have the power in the hands of the Government. Therefore in order to satisfy and provide for all such eventualities, power is sought to be vested in the hands of the Government. Naturally Government in order to expedite and ensure speedy execution of work, thought that these powers would have to be delegated to subordinate officers. And if Sri G. V. Gowda feels that by the Government having these powers, matters would be delayed, it may not be correct. For a town municipality even now, it is the Deputy Commissioner who is doing it and again Government would naturally consider delegating this power. Therefore I request the Hon'ble Member to withdraw the amendment.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—I put the amendments to the vote of the House.

The question is :

“ That for item (c), the following shall be substituted :  
(c) the number of single Member Divisions and the number of two Member Divisions, where one of the seats shall be a reserved seat.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is,

“ That item (d) shall be deleted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment No. 16 : The question is :

“ That in line 3, for the words “ the Government ” the words “ the Deputy Commissioner of each Revenue District ” shall be substituted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—I will now put clause to the vote. The question is :

‘ That clause 13 stand part of the Bill.’

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 13 was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—There are no amendments to clauses 14 and 15. I will put them. The question is :

“ That clauses 14 and 15 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clauses 14 and 15 were added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Clause 16. There are amendments.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—I beg to move :

“ That in sub-clause (1), item (j) shall be deleted.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“ That in sub-clause (1) item (j) shall be deleted.”

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.**—Amendment No. 18, I beg to move :

“ That in sub-clause (1), in sub-item (ii) of item (o), in line 6 and 7, the words “ or the disqualification has been removed by order by the Government shall be deleted.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That in sub-clause (1), in sub-item (ii) of item (o), in lines 6 and 7, the words “or the disqualification has been removed by order by the Government shall be deleted.”

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.**—Amendment No. 19. Sir, I beg to move :

“That in sub-clause (1), in item (c) of the proviso, lines 3 and 4, the words “or earlier by an order of the Government” shall be deleted.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That in sub-clause (1), in item (c) of the proviso, lines 3 and 4, the words “or earlier by an order of the Government” shall be deleted.”

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I beg to move :

“That in sub-clause (2) in item (b), before the word “votes” the word “knowingly” shall be added.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That in sub-clause (2), in item (b) before the word “Votes” the word “knowingly” shall be added.”

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.**—Sir, I beg to move :

“That in sub-clause (2) for item (c), the following item shall be substituted :

“(c) absent himself from three meetings of the Municipal Council during three or more consecutive months except with leave of the Council which shall be presumed to be granted when such an application is made by a Council or”.

“That in sub-clause (2), the second proviso to item (c) shall be deleted.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendments moved :

“That in sub-clause (2) for item (c), the following item shall be substituted :

“(c) absent himself from three meetings of the Municipal Council during three or more consecutive months except with the leave of the Council which shall be presumed to be granted when such an application is made by a council or”.

“Also That in sub-clause (2), the second proviso to item (c) shall be deleted.”

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I beg to move :

“That for sub-clause (3), the following sub-clause shall be substituted :

“(3) any person aggrieved by the decision of the Deputy Commissioner under sub-section (2) may within a period of 30

days from the date of such decision, appeal to the Commissioner and order passed by the Commissioner on such appeal shall be final'.

**MR. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That for sub-clause (3), the following sub-clause shall be substituted :

“That any person aggrieved by the decision of the Deputy Commissioner under sub-section (2) may within period of 30 days from the date of such decision, appeal to the Commissioner and the order passed by the Commissioner on such appeal shall be final.”

**SRI B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—Sir, this item (j) debars a voter to be chosen as a councillor if he is less than 25 years of age.

[**MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER** in the Chair.]

I do not know, Sir, why there should be such a discrimination. Why should a voter who is less than 25 years of age should not be allowed to contest the election or be chosen as councillor. Why this discrimination should be done, I fail to understand. Is it the presumption that if a person attains the age of 25, he becomes wiser and maturer to be a councillor? Proverbially, this age of 25 is not so very good. There is the proverb ‘Gadde Panches’i’. If a man attains the age of 25, he behaves like an ass. That is what the proverb says. So the age of 25 is ill-chosen. By putting this bar of age of 25, we would be discriminating between a voter and elector. Any voter should be allowed to be chosen as a municipal councillor.

† **MR. S. V. VENKATESWARA RAO.**—**S**āvāvī ఈ కాళ 10 (b) ప్రకార ఈ నద్వేరు కేలవు తప్పగించు మాది ఈ కాళాచినట్ల కేలై వంతె తిక్కగొళపడ్డ మేలే అంధవరు మునిసిపాలిటికల్ల కేలనమాదలు అఫెరల్ల ఏందు కేలై ఇల్లు తెలుసిదే. ఇదిరింద మునిసిపాలిటికల్ల నాచ్చజుపరిగొ బకట తొందరే ఆగుత్తెందు కేలైదారే. ఈగే కేలైటిడా అనంతర ఇదకే ఒందు కండిపున్ కాకచూరి : అదేనేందరే కాగే తిక్కగే ఒటగా, మనుష్యు రు వష్టగా నంతర తన్న నదితెయిన్ను నరిపడితికోండు ఒట్టు అద్భుతావ్యక్తి అగిప్పు పక్కదల్లి అవరు మత్తుచునావజీగే నిల్బించుచు ఏందు కేలైదారే : ఇదు న్నాయి వాగియే ఇదే. ఆదరే ఈ అధికారావన్ను సకారదివరు ఒందు పక్కపాత దోహరణిగే బుక్కయోగినటు అవకాశివదే. ఇల్లు ఈ పూర్విజన్మన్ను హాకబీకాగే ఇరుల్లప్ప ఎందు కేలై తేసే. ఇదిరింద తొందరేయే ఎన్నా అనుకూలవేస్తో ఇరువుదల్ల. ఎల్లరిగొ ఒంటేవిధచాద రూర్చి ఇరుందు నాను ఈ తిదు తడియన్ను నశిసిదేసేనే. చిక్కబ్బిల్లుపురదల్ల ఇంధ పక్కపాత తొందరిసతక్క నిదిత్వనగాలేవే. నమ్ము చిక్కబ్బిల్లుపురద చౌసినర్లే, ననగే గొత్తిరువకూగే, నముగే విరోధ పక్కచదరోబ్బురు 5-6 నారిచునావజీగే నింతు సోతు కోగిదిరు. ఆదరే ఇన్నాదరూ అపరిగే సరియాద తిథపుకేందు అవరు నిరుగాి నదేదు కొళ్ళబిందుచెందు అవరెన్ను చునావజీగే నిల్బించుచుయితు. ఆదరే ఈ కిందే అవరు జనగాలే వోనమాదిగ అనేక ప్రకరణాలు ననగే గొత్తిచే. ఆదరే ఆ వ్యక్తి ఎప్పురమణిగే గుణవంతనగాదార్చే నెంబి విచారం ఆ వ్యక్తి ఇరకక్క గ్రస్తయ్యే చానమాడతక్క అక్కముక్కద జనగాలే గొత్తులదిరువాగా, ఆ వ్యక్తియు నదెవళికగాలు చేన్నాగ్నిత్తెందు సకారదివరు యావ అధారద మేలే కేలైత్తారే? అంధ వ్యక్తియు నదెగాలే తొందరేయాగువదిల్ల ఎందుదన్ను సకారదివరు కేగే నిధిరిమత్తారే? ఆదుదిరిద సకారదివరిగే ఈ కటం

(ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪ)

ಪರ್ಕಾರ ನಾಯಿವಾಗಿ ಒಂದು ರಿಝಾಯಿತಿನುನ್ನು ತೋರಿಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ. ಆದುದರಿಂದ ನಾನಿಗೆ ಕಾಂಡ್ (ಇ) ಮತ್ತು (ಎ) ಗಳಿರದನ್ನು ದಿಲೀಟ್‌ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಸೂಚಿಸಿದ್ದೀನೆ. ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಈ ತಿಳಿಗಳಿಗೆ ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟವಾಗಿ ನಾನು ಭಾವಿಸಿದ್ದೀನೆ. ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರೇಕೆ ಹಿಗೆ ದಿನದಿನಕೂ ಸ್ಥಳೀಯ ನಂತಹ ಗಳ ಅಧಿಕಾರವನ್ನು ಕಿರುಕೊಳ್ಳಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಾರೋ ನನಗೆ ಅದು ತಿಳಿಯದಾಗಿದೆ. ಆವರಿಗೆ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಕೆಲಸವಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದೂ, ಅಧವಾ ಈ ನಂತಹ ಗಳಿಗೆ ಅಧಿಕಾರವಿರುವುದು ಬೇರೆ ಎಂದೋ ಒಂದೂ ಗೊತ್ತಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಏನೇ ಆಗಲ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ಈ ವಿಭಾಗದವನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆಮಾಡುವುದು ಬಳ್ಳಿಯಿದೆ ಹೇಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಚಿ. ಎ. ಗೌಡ.—ಮಾನ್ಯ ಚಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಹಾಜರಿಲ್ಲ. ನಾನು ಮಂಡಿಸಿರತಕ್ಕ ಅದ್ದುವಡಿಯನ್ನು ಇರತಕ್ಕ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗೇ ಒಪ್ಪಿತುದಾರೆ ಪರವಾ ಇಲ್ಲ.

The amendment that I have suggested is very simple, the addition of one word. Sub-section (2) says:

“If any councillor during the term for which he has been elected or appointed—

votes or takes part as a councillor in the discussion of any matter—

(i) in which he has directly, or indirectly, by himself, or his partner, any such share or interest as is described...”

Suppose a person takes part inadvertently or without knowing that he has got some interest. According to this sub-clause, he will be disqualified for no fault of his. Therefore, I am submitting that the word ‘knowingly’ is to be inserted. If he takes part knowingly that he has got a share in the subject-matter or that his partner has got a share, then he must be disqualified. If he takes part or if he votes knowingly that he has got some interest indirectly or directly, he must be disqualified. I do not think the Minister will have any dispute with regard to this matter.

Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER.—Next Amendment.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—Here a distinction is sought to be made between a councillor of a town municipality and a councillor of a city municipality. What sub-clause (3) says is:

“Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Deputy Commissioner under sub-section (2) may, within a period of thirty days from the date of such decision, appeal to the Government if the person affected by the order was a councillor of a city municipal council and to the Commissioner if such person was a councillor of a town municipal council and the orders passed by the Government or the Commissioner on such appeal shall be final.”

Two appellate authorities are contemplated under sub-clause (3). If the person affected is a councillor belonging to a town municipality, then the appeal has to lie before the Commissioner. If the Councillor who is affected is a member of the city municipality he has to prefer the

appeal to Government and the authority that decided a matter against which these appeals are sought to be preferred is one and the same person, that is, the Deputy Commissioner. Therefore, I submit there is no need to distinguish between a councillor belonging to a city municipality and a councillor belonging to a town municipality, in as much as the authority that passes the order happens to be the Deputy Commissioner. Therefore, I submit that an appeal should lie from the orders of the Deputy Commissioner to the Commissioner and let his orders be final.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎ. ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪ.—ನಾನು ಕಾಲ್ಜು 16ರಲ್ಲಿರುವ ನಬ್ಬೊಕಾಲ್ಜಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲ ತಂದಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಳಿರುವುದು.

“(2) If any councillor during the term for which he has been elected or appointed absents himself from the meetings of the Municipal council during three consecutive months except with the leave of one Municipal council” ಎಂದಿದೆ. ಇಂತಹವರನ್ನು Dismember ಮಾಡಬಹುದು; ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಮೂರು ತಿಂಗಳು ಎಂದು ಅವಧಿಯನ್ನು ನಿಗದಿಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಒಂದು ತಿಂಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದು ಮುಖಿಂಗು ಅದರೂ ಅಗಬಿಹುದು ಇಲ್ಲವೇ ಎರಡು ಅಳವಾ ಮೂರು ತಿಂಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದು ಮುಖಿಂಗನ್ನು ಕರೆದ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಯು ನದನ್ಯರಲ್ಲಿಯಾರಾದರೂ ಒಿಬ್ಬೆಬ್ಬಿರು ಅಬ್ಜೆಂಟಾದರೆ ಅವರನ್ನು ದಿಸ್ತೋಮೆಂಬಿರು ಮಾಡಬಹುದು ಎನ್ನುವ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಬಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಅದಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ನಾನು “Absents himself from three meetings of the Municipal council during three or more consecutive months. etc., ಎಂದು ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಕಡಿಯನ್ನು ನೂಡಿಸಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಮಾನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಒಂದಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಜಾಸ್ತಿ ಪಾರ್ಫಿಗಳಿಂದ ಎನ್ನುವುದು ಎಲ್ಲಿರುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಾಗೆ ಮೆಜಾರಿಟಿ ಪಾರ್ಫಿಯಾವರು ಇರುವಾಗ ಮೈನಾರಿಟಿ ಪಾರ್ಫಿಗೆ ಸ್ಲೈರದವರೆಬ್ಬಿರು ನದನ್ಯರು “Leave” ನಮಗೆ ಬೇಕೆಂದು ಅಬ್ಜೆ ಹಾಕಿ ಕೇಳಿದಾಗ ಮೆಜಾರಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಮಾನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಮಾನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿ ನದನ್ಯರು Leave ಮಂಜೂರು ಮಾಡಿದೇ ಹೋಗೋಣೆ ಎನ್ನುವ ಭಾವನೆ ಬಿರುವಂತಾದರೆ, ಅದರಿಂದ ಮೈನಾರಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ನದನ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಬಹಳ ತೊಂದರೆಯಾಗಲು ಅವಕಾಶವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ಎನ್ನುವ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ಈ ಅಮೆಂಟುಮೆಂಟನು ನೂಡಿಸಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಇದನ್ನು ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಅರ್ಥಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಬಹುತ್ತಾರೆಂದು ನಂಬಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಹಾಗಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಜಾಯಂಬು ಸೆಲೆಕ್ಟ್ ಕೆಮಿಟಿಯವರು ಮನೂವರೆಯಾಗಿ ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆನ್ನು ವರಹಿಸಿದ್ದಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಾಗಿ ಒಮ್ಮೆ ಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ನಾನು ಪಾರ್ಫಿನೆನ್ನೇ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪ್ರಪ್ತಿಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ನಾನ್ಯಾಯಿ, ಮಾನ್ಯ ನದನ್ಯರು ಹದಿನಾರನೇ ಕಾಲ್ಜಿಗೆ ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಪಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮಂಡಿಸಿರತಕ್ಕ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಪಡಿಸಿರತಕ್ಕ ತಂಕೆಗಳಿಗೆನ್ನಿಂದ ಅಧಾರವಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದ್ದಿರಿಂದ ಈ ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಪಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ನಾನು ಒಪ್ಪುಪುಡಿಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಲು ವಿವಾದಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಇಲ್ಲಿ ತಂದಿರುವ ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಪಡಿಗೆ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನು ನೂಡಿಸಿರುವುದನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಳಲು ಅವೇಕ್ಕ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀಮಾನ್ ನುಂತಿಂಕರೆ ರವರು 25 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗೆ ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟವಾಗಿ 21 ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಇಳಿಸಬುದ್ಧಾರದು ಎಂದು ಕೇಳಿದರು. ತಗ್ಗ ಅಸೆಂಬ್ಲಿ ಕಾನ್ಸಿಲ್ ಹಾಗೂ ಪಾಲಿಮೆಂಟನಲ್ಲಿ ನದನ್ಯರು ಮನೂವಾಜೆಯಾಗಿ ಬಿರಲು 25 ವರ್ಷ ಸ್ವಾಮಾರಾಗಿರಿಬೇಕಂದಿದೆ. ಈ ವರ್ಷ ಸ್ವಾಮಾರಾಗಿಸುತ್ತಿರುವುದು ಇಲ್ಲಿಯೂ 25 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಬಿರಬಿಹುದು ಎಂದು ಮಾಡಿಯವರಿಂದ ಇದನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಒಪ್ಪುತ್ತಾರೆ, ಅದ್ದಿರಿಂದ ಈಗ ತಂದಿರುವ ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ನಾನು ಒಪ್ಪುಪುಡಿಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ. ಹಾಗೇ ಅವರು ಕಾಲ್ಜು 16 (0) ಗೆ ನೂಡಿಸಿರುವ ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪುಪುಡಿಕ್ಕೆ ಅಗುಷ್ಟಿದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀಮಾನ್ ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪನವರು ತಂದಿರುವ ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಪಡಿಯಿಂತ ತೆಗೆದು ಹಾಕಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳುವದೆನ್ನಿಂದ ನರಿಯಲ್ಲ. Disqualificationನ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ನಮಿತಿಯವರೂ ಪ್ರಾಣ ಪರಾಯಾಗೆ ಹೋಗಿಸಿದಾರೆ. ಇದರಲ್ಲಿರುವ 16ನೇ ಕಾಲ್ಜನ (b) ಮತ್ತು (c) ಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವರವಾಗಿ ಹೇಳಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ “Subject to the control of any of the said Governments other than such offices” ಎಂದಿದೆ ಇದರಿಂದ ಅವರ ತಿಂಡ್ಲು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪುಪುಡಿಕ್ಕುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

(ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪುಟ್ಟಸ್ವಾಮಿ)

ಶ್ರೀಮಾನ್ ವೆಂಕಟೇಗೌಡರು “knowingly” ಎನ್ನು ಪುಡನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರು.

[MR. SPEAKER in the Chair.]

votes or takes part as a Councillor in the discussion of any matter in which he has directly or indirectly...any share ಎಂದಾಗೆ, ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಒಬ್ಬ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ತನ್ನ ಜಾಂಟರನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲಿದೆಯಂದು ಗೆನ್ತಿ ಲ್ಲಿದೆನೇ ಒಂಟು ವಾಡಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿ, ಅತರವ ಅಷ್ಟೇವಣಿಗೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಕೊಡುವುದು ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀಮಾನ್ ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪನವರು. leave applied for shall be presumed to have been granted ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆನ್ನುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅವರು ಪ್ರಕಾಶಪುತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ನಂಬಿಕೆ ಇರತಕ್ಕಂಥವರು ಉದ್ದೇಶಿಸಿದ್ದರೂ ಅವಕಾಶ ದೊಂಡಿದ್ದು ನಂಬಿಕೆ ಇರುತ್ತಾರೆ ಅಗಿಲ್ಲ; ಎಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಅಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದುವರೆಗೆ ನಾವು ಉದ್ದೇಶಿಸಿದ್ದರೂ ಅಂಜೂರು ವಾಡಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಕೇಳಿಯೇ ಇಲ್ಲ.

3-30 P.M.

MR. SPEAKER.—There is another complication here. Suppose it is transmitted and later on it is rejected by the Municipality, and certain events take place in the meanwhile.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪುಟ್ಟಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಈ ರೀತಿ ಪ್ರಿಯನಂತರ ಡಾ, ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು ಹೇಳಿದಂತಹ ವಿಶೇಷಧಾ ಭಾಸಬಿರುವ ಅವಕಾಶವಿದೆ. ಪ್ರಸಾ ಪ್ರಭುತ್ವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತಿಂಥ ಕಾನ್ನಿಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಂದಾವ ಇಚ್ಛೆ ದೂರ ಹೇಳಿಗೆ ಅವನಂಬಿಕೆ ಪಡುವುದು ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲ. ಅದ್ದರಿಂದ ಈ ತಿದ್ದುವಡಿಯನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ವಿ. ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪನವರು. —ಈ ರೀತಿ ಪ್ರಿಯನಂತರ ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಏರಡನೇ ತಿದ್ದುವಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಈ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವಾದಿಸಿದ್ದರೆ, ತಿಂದೇ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಡೆಪ್ಯುಟಿ ಕಮಿಶನರು ತೀವ್ರಾನ್ ಮಾಡಿದಾಗೆ, ಅವರ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೆವಿಷರಿಗೂ, ಸಿಂಗ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲ್ ಕಾನ್ಸಿಲ್ ಅವರೆ ನಕಾರಾರ್ಕ್ 30 ದಿವಸಗಳಿಳಾಗಿ ಅಭಿಲೂ ಮಾಡಲು ಅವಕಾಶ ಉಂಟು. ಸಿಂಗ ಪ್ರತಿ ನಂಭಿಗಳು ಬಿಂಬಿ ದೊಡ್ಡಾಗಿರುತ್ತವೆ. ಅವಕ್ಕೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪಾರ್ಪಾಯಿಸಿತ್ತೇಯನ್ನು ಈ ಮನೂದೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟು, ನಕಾರಾರ್ಕ್ ಅಭಿಲೂ ಅಡಿರ್ ಪಾಸು ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಮಾಡಿದೆ. ಅದು ನರಿ ಎಂದು ಈ ಅವಕಾಶ ಏರಡಿಸಿದೆ. ಇದನ್ನು ಒಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ವಿ. ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪ.—ಇಂದ್ರಾ ಉರ್ಬಿ ಎರಡು ಏಂಬುಗಳ ಹೇಳಿ ಮಾತನಾಡಿದೆ. ಏರಡನೇ ವಿಷಯದನ್ನು ಮಾಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಹೇಳಲೇ ಇಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪುಟ್ಟಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಕಾಜುಗಳ ತಿದ್ದುವಡಿಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಮಾತನಾಡುತ್ತಾ ಬೇರೆ ಏರ್ಲಾ ಸದಸ್ಯರುಗಳು ಮಾತನಾಡಿದರು ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಯಾವುದು ಮುಂಬಿ ಎಂದು ಭಾವನೆ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಿಲ್ಲ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಬಿಂಬಿ ರ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದೇ. ಮುರೋಲ್, ಕಾಲಾವರಕಾಶವಿಲ್ಲದೆಯೇ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಅಂಶವನ್ನು ಕುಂಬಿ ಬಿಟ್ಟರೆ, ಅದನ್ನು ಕಡೆಗಾಳಿಸಿದರು ಎಂದು ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಭಾವನೆ ಮಾಡಬಾರದು. ಅದನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪುಲ್ಲಿವೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು.

SRI G. V. GOWDA.—I have not made myself clear. The deciding authority in both cases is the D.C. It is he who passes the order and against his order the matter may be taken upto the Commissioner or to the Government. What is the reason for this distinction?

SRI K. PUTTASWAMY.—The reason for the distinction is one of importance of the case.

MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

“That in sub-clause (1), item (j) shall be deleted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That in sub-clause (1), in sub-item (ii) of item (c), in lines 6 and 7, the words, “or the disqualification has been removed by order by the Government” shall be deleted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That in sub-clause (1), in item (c) of the proviso, lines 3 and 4 the words “or earlier by an order of the Government” shall be deleted”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That in sub-clause (2), in item (b), before the word “Votes” the word “knowingly” shall be added.

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That in sub-clause (2) for item (C), the following item shall be substituted.”

“(c) absent himself from three meetings of the Municipal Council, during three or more consecutive months except with the leave of the Council which shall be presumed to be granted when such an application is made by a Council or.”

In sub-clause (2), the second proviso, to item (c) shall be deleted.

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That for sub-clause (3), the following sub-clause shall be substituted”

“(3) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Deputy Commissioner under sub-section (2) may within a period of 30 days from the date of such decision, appeal to the Commissioner and the order passed by the Commissioner on such appeal shall be final.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That clause 16 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 16 was added to the Bill:

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Before I proceed to the next clause, I remember a request was made that we should start our work at 1 O' clock.

**Sri S. NIJALINGAPPA** (Chief Minister).—Many Members seem to feel that it is rather inconvenient to come here at 12-30 p.m. I am also glad that most of them wanted the House to be continued after 6 p.m. We can meet at 1 p.m. and go on till 6-30 p.m.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Tomorrow we will sit between 1 p.m. and 6-30 p.m.

### Clause 17.

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.**—I beg to move :

“That in sub-clause (1), line 3 the words “for the First time or” the words “after the expiry of the term of office of the Councillors” shall be added.”

“That sub-clause (2) shall be deleted.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That in sub-clause (1), line 3 the words “for the first time or the words “after the expiry of the term of office of the Councillors” shall be added.”

“That sub-clause (2) shall be deleted.”

† శ్రీ సి. వి. పెంకటరాయప్ప.—కాకుడు 17ర్లు General election of Councillors ఏచ్చారు కేళిద్దార్లే. వేదలనే సప్ల కాన్నిపుట్ కాన్నిపుట్ ఆగువాగ ఎలేక్షన్ నడేయబేకా. అప్పేరీ అడ్డినిస్ట్రిటరు బింద ప్పేరీ, ఎలేక్షన్ మాడబేకు. మునిషిపల్ కాన్నిలు నూపర్ స్టీడ్ అదచేలులూ ఎలేక్షన్ నడేయబేకు. ఏకన్స్ ఫ్రీ, కాన్నిపుట్ జచ్చాఫ్ అదప్పేరీ ఎలేక్షన్ నడేయబేకు. ఆద్దిరింద “after the expiry of the term of Office of the Councillors” ఎందు 1నే సప్ల కాకుబెన్లు సేరిని, ఎరడనే సప్ల కాకుబెన్లు డిల్యూషన్ మాడబుదు.

శ్రీ కె. పుట్టస్వామి.—స్వామి, ఇదక్కే కాకుబె 381ర్లు అపకాశవన్ను కల్పిసిదే. ఆగిరతక్క మునిషిపాలిటిషన్లు ఈ కాన్నాను రింతి నడేయుపుదక్కే అపకాశవన్ను విప్పాడిసిదే. అదుదరింద ఏనూ తొందరియాగుపుదిల్ల. ఈ ఆద్దు పడియన్ను ఒమ్మెకొళ్ళుపు దక్కే ఆగువుదిల్ల.

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.**—I withdraw my amendment, Sir.

*The amendment was by leave of the House withdrawn.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That Clause 17 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 17 was added to the Bill.

### CLAUSE 18.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—My amendment will not survive and I am not moving the amendment, Sir.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendments are not moved. I will put clause 18 to the vote: The question is:

“That clause 18 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 18 was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment is not moved: I will put the clause. The question is:

“That clause 19 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted..*

Clause 19 was added to the Bill.

#### CLAUSE 20.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—There are no amendments to clause 20. The question is :

“That clause 20 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 20 was added to the Bill.

#### CLAUSE 21.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Sir, I beg to move:

“That in sub-clause (3), line 2, after the word “Candidate” the words “duly nominated”, shall be added.”

“That in sub-clause (4) after item (c), the following item shall be added as item (d):

“(d) shall accompany a challan for having deposited the fee in a Government Treasury.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendments moved:

“That in clause 21, in sub-clause (3), line 2, after the word “Candidate” the words “duly nominated”, shall be added.”

“That in sub-clause (4) after item (c), the following item shall be added as item (d):

“(d) shall accompany a challan for having deposited the fee in a Government Treasury.”

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Sir, I beg to move:

“That after sub-clause (4), the following sub-clause shall be added as sub-clause (5):

“(5) the non-compliance of items (b) (c) or (d) of sub-clause (4) shall entail the dismissal of the election petition 2 “in limine”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“ That after sub-clause (4), the following sub-clause shall be added as sub-clause (5):

“ (5) the non-compliance of items (b) (c) or (d) of sub-clause (4) shall entail the dismissal of the election petition “ *in limine* ”

†**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Sir, this clause refers to the filing of election petitions. What I propose to suggest is after the word candidates, the words ‘duly nominated at the election’ are to be inserted to clarify the position. According to the Representation of the People Act, Sir, even candidates whose nominations have been rejected should be joined. The idea is that only persons who are finally contesting in the field must be made parties in the election dispute. Otherwise, it may be that the candidates whose nomination papers have been rejected will have to be cited as parties. In order to obviate all these complications, it is better to clarify the position saying that the candidates who have been duly nominated at the election may be joined as respondents in the election petition. After all, it does not make any difference. I am clarifying the position only to facilitate to join as respondents only those persons who have been duly nominated at the election.

My second point is that, it is contemplated that a fee is to be levied for filling of election petitions.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Even if the nomination is duly approved, does he become a candidate at the election ? If it is withdrawn, why should he be joined ?

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Here it may be canvassed that even persons whose nominations have been rejected may be required to be joined.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The idea expressed in the clause here is perfectly clear.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—“at the election” means, election starts the moment the nomination is filed. I want to make respondents only those people who are actually in the field.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—That is the member’s interpretation.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—In order to obviate any complication that may arise at a later stage, I am moving this amendment, Sir.

Even in this Bill, it is proposed to levy a fee in order to entertain an election petition and the exact fee is prescribed by rules. Let us take concrete case : Under the Representation of the People Act, it says so much fee has to be deposited. Here I must say that it is desirable to include in the statute itself that the deposit has got to be made before election petition is filed. What should it be done for the election they have mentioned in (a) (b) (c) ? They are merely reproducing what is found in the Representation of the People’s Act. In the same Act, there is a specific provision that applicants should make deposits to file election petitions. I am submitting that we may add this provision as suggested in the amendment. It must be made a condition precedent for filing an

election petition, as it is found in the Representation of the people Act. Therefore I am suggesting that this item may be added so that it may be specific.

The other amendment is that even the Representation of the People Act says that non-compliance of certain provisions would entail dismissal of the election petition. If the election petition does not give sufficient opportunities as contemplated in sub-clause (4) or if the party concerned does not deposit the prescribed fee, such non-compliance of this provision would entail the dismissal of the petition. This also we find in the Representation of the People Act. In consonance with that Act, I have suggested the addition of item (5) in the Bill, under the relevant clause.

Mr. SPEAKER.—The Hon'ble Member will kindly refer to clause 23, grounds for declaring an election void. It says that even persons whose nominations have been improperly rejected, have to be made parties.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—There are certain decisions where they say that persons whose nominations have been rejected and who are not affected with the result of the election, need not be made parties.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Why not leave it at that? Let it be interpreted by the court.

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—In this affair we are guided by the provisions of the Representation of the Peoples Act and we cannot provide for everything in the Act itself. We will be prescribing certain rules for filling election petitions and all that. These petitions will be included therein.

Regarding the words 'duly nominated' there are decisions as to who should all be made parties to the election case. Now it would not be proper for us to go into those matters. I would bear in mind all the apprehensions the Honourable Member has expressed and make provisions if necessary in the rules. Therefore, I cannot accept the amendment.

Mr. SPEAKER.—What about deposit?

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—We will make it obligatory on the person who files an election petition to deposit security towards the costs. These things we will include in the rules.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—I press.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I am putting the amendments of Sri G. V. Gowda, one after another. The question is:

“That in clause 21, in sub-clause (3), line 2, after the word ‘Candidate’ the words ‘duly nominated’, shall be added.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

Mr. SPEAKER.—The question is:

“That in sub-clause (4) after item (c), the following item shall be added as item (d):

“(d) shall accompany a chellan for having deposited the fee in a Government Treasury”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That after clause (4), the following sub-clause shall be added as sub-clause (5) :

“(5) the non-compliance of items (b), (c) or (d) of sub-clause (4) shall entail the dismissal of the election petition *in limine*.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—I will put clause 21 to vote. The question is :

“That clause 21 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 21 was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Clauses 22 to 28, both inclusive. The question is

“That clauses 22 to 28, both inclusive, stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clauses 22 to 28, both inclusive, were added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Clause 29.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I beg to move :

“That in clause 29, item (8) be deleted.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That in clause 29, item (8) be deleted.”

† **Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—In clause 29, the description a corrupt practice is mentioned and this is almost copied from the provisions of the Representation of the People’s Act. Item (8) reads :

“any other practice which the Government may by rules specify to be a corrupt practice.”

What are all the corrupt practices have got to find a place in the Statute itself and framing by means of rules as to what are the other corrupt practices that the Government may find later on, I do not think that will fit in or is consistent with the principle of the Representation of the People’s Act. Even in the Act, description of every corrupt practice has been mentioned. The rule does not say what is a corrupt practice; everything is mentioned in the Act itself. Likewise, if Government finds some other corrupt practices, let them include those practices here itself. If this item is allowed to be retained, it is likely that complications will arise or Government may view that certain act done may amount to corrupt practice and immediately may frame a rule making mention of it. Therefore, I am submitting in all fairness to the elections or in fairness to the Representation of the People’s Act, item (8) has got to be deleted.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Is it a question of incompetence of a Legislature to make such a provision ?

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—If they find other corrupt practices, let them bring those practices by way of an amendment and the House is ready agree.

4-00 P.M.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—Sir, I am unable to accept the amendment. It is strange that the Hon'ble Member says that the rules that are placed before the House would not have the force of the statute. If so, they would not be exercisable. Therefore, I am unable to accept this amendment.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That in clause 29, item 8 shall be deleted.”

*The amendment was negative.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That clause 29 stand part of of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Clauses 30 and 31. There are no amendments. The question is:

“That clauses 30 and 31 stand part of the Bills.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clauses 30 and 31 were added to the Bill.

*Clause 32.*

**Sri S. RAJAGOAL.**—Sir, I move:

“that in clause 32, after sub-clause (1), the following sub-clause shall be added:

“(2) No person shall carry voters to the Polling Station in his vehicle except as provided under sub-section (5) of section 29”.

“That sub-clauses (2) and (3) shall be re-numbered suitably.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Does the Hon'ble Member mean ‘his vehicle’ or ‘any vehicle’?

**Sri S. RAJAGOPAL.**—Any vehicle, Sir.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—He must make it clear. Amendment moved:

“That in clause 32, after sub-clause (1), the following sub-clause shall be added:

“(2) No person shall carry voters to the Polling Station in his vehicle except as provided under sub-section (5) of section 29”.

“That sub-clauses (2) and (3) shall be renumbered suitably.”

ಶ್ರೀ ಗಂಗಾಧರ ನಾಡೋಫಿ.—ಇದನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವೇನೆಂದರೆ ಕೆಲವು ಕಡೆ ಜನರನ್ನು ವೇಡಿಕಾರು, ಅಥವಾ ಜಿಟ್ಕಾ, ಚಾಂಗಾಗಳನ್ನು ಹೇರುವಾಡಿ ಒಳಗೂಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಬಯಸ್ತಾರೆ. ಪೋಲೀಸಿನವರು ಕೆಲವು ನಾರ್ ಇನ್‌ಪ್ರೋಟ್ ಯನ್‌ಗೋಂಗಾಗಾಗಿ ಕಾಂಗ್ರಸ್ ಕಾಲ್ಗೋ ಹಾಕಿಕೊಂಡು ಹೇಗೆತ್ತಾರೆ ಇರುವವರನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟುಬಿಡುವಾದು, ಬೇರೆಯವರಿಗೆ ತೊಂದರೆ ಕೊಳ್ಳಬುದು, ಈ ರೀತಿ ಎರ್ಲಾ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ ಇರುತ್ತಾರೆ, ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಜಿಟ್ಕಾದವರಿಗೆ, ವೇಡಿಕಾರಿನವರಿಗೆ 250 ರಾಪಾಯಿ ಫ್ರೆನ್ ಬ್ರೇಕ್‌ತ್ರೆಡ್, ಇಂಫ್ರಾನ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್ ಅಗುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದರೆ ಭಯ ಇರುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂಬ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ಇದನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲ ಸೇರಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಕೇಳಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೇನೆ, ಅಷ್ಟೇ.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—Sir, the object is met by clause 29 (5) and there is no need for any additional clause.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That in clause 32 after sub-clause (1), the following sub-clause shall be added”:

“(2) No person shall carry voters to the Polling Station in his vehicle except as provided under sub-section (5) of section 29.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment No. 34 does not arise. The question is :

“That Clause 32 stands part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 32 was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Clauses 33 to 38, both inclusive. The question is :

“Clauses 33 to 38, both inclusive, stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clauses 33 to 38, both inclusive were added to the bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The Hon'ble Member Sri Venkatarayappa cannot move an amendment to the effect that clause shall be deleted. He can oppose the clause.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಬಿ. ಬೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪ.—ಇಂಥ ಒಂದು ಕಾಳಿನಿನ ಅವಶ್ಯಕತೆಯಾದರೂ ಏನಿದೆ? ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಎಲೆಕ್ಟ್ರನ್ ಚೆರ್ಕೆಟಿಬುನ್‌ಗಳಿಗೆ ಅವೀಲ್ ಹೇಗೆತ್ತಾರೆ ಅವಕಾಶವೆಂದು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದೆ. ಇದನ್ನೇ ಸಿಲರ್ ಕೋಇಲ್‌ಗಳಿಗೆ ಬೇಕಾದರೂ ಹಾಕಬಹುದು. ಇದರಲ್ಲಿನೂ ಸಂಶಯವಿಲ್ಲ. ಇಲ್ಲಿ ನೊಚಿಸಿರತಕ್ಕ ಕಾಳಿನಿನ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಅಧಿಕೃತನಾಗಲ್ಲಿ, ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನಾಗಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಕಾನ್‌ಸಿಲಿಲ್‌ಗಳನಾಗಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಕಾರಣದ್ವಾರೆಗೆ ಅವರನ್ನು ರಿಮಾಂಡ್ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಇಚ್ಛಾ ಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದನ್ನು ನೋಡಿದರೆ ಯಾರು ಅವೀಲನ್ನೇ ಮಾಡಬಾಡು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದಂತಹೆ. ಪ್ರಭಾವಭ್ರಾತ್ರೆದಲ್ಲಿ ನಕಾರ ಜನರ ಅಧಿಕಾರವನ್ನು ವೇಳಿಕು ಮಾಡಬಾರದು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಿರುವ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಇಂಥ ಒಂದು ಕಾಳಿನಿನ್ನು ಇವರೆಕ್ಕೆ ಇಲ್ಲ ಸೇರಿಸಬೇಕು? ಈ ಒಂದು ಪಶ್ಚಾಂತ್ರಣೆ ಇಲ್ಲಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅನೇಕ ತೊಂದರೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಕಾರಣವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಒಂದು ವೇಳೆ ನರಸ್ವಾರದವರೇ ಒಂದು ಅನಾಯಾ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದಬಂದಾಗ ಅವರು ಕೋಇಲ್‌ಗೆ ಹೋಗಿ ನರಪಡಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಒಂದು ಅವಕಾಶವಿರಬೇಕು. ಅಂಥ ಒಂದು ಅವಕಾಶವನ್ನು ಈ ಕಾಳಿ ಮೊಹಕ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಇದನ್ನು ಡಿಲ್ರೋ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—Sir, I oppose the suggestion and I cannot accept it. The procedure is prescribed for the election petition and there is no difficulty. It is not the intention of the Government that suits should not be filed in the civil court. It is an old section and in almost all the Acts it is there.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—I will put the clause. The question is:  
“That clause 39 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 39 was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Clauses 40 and 41. There are no Amendments. The question is:

“That clauses 40 and 41 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clauses 40 and 41 were added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—There is a Government amendment.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—Sir, I beg to move:

#### CLAUSE 42.

“That in proviso to sub-clause (9), for the word “fifteen” the word “ten” shall be substituted, and after the said proviso, the following further proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

“Provided further that where a resolution expressing want of confidence in any President or Vice-President has been considered and negatived by a Municipal council, a similar resolution in respect of the same President or Vice-President shall not be given notice of or moved within one year from the date of the decision of the Municipal council.”

(2) For sub-clause (1), the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—

“(11) The term of office of every President and of every Vice-President shall, save as provided in this Act, cease on the expiry of the term of office as councillor:

Provided that the Government may, with the consent of the municipal council concerned, direct that their term be limited to one year and that elections therefor be held every year.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved:

“That in proviso to sub-clause (9), for the word “fifteen” the word “ten” shall be substituted, and after the said proviso, the following further proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

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“Provided further that were a resolution expressing want of confidence in any President or Vice-President has been considered and negatived by a Municipal council, a similar resolution in respect of the same President or Vice-President shall not be given notice of or moved within one year from the date of the decision of the Municipal council.”

(2) For sub-clause (1), the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) The term of office of every President and of every Vice-President shall, save as provided in this Act, cease on the expiry of term of office as councillor:

Provided that the Government may, with the consent of the Municipal council concerned, direct that their term be limited to one year and that elections therefor be held every year.”

† Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—Sir, I rise to a point of order. Though this matter was elaborately discussed in the Joint Select Committee, it was not conceded there. Now the Government is coming forward with this amendment to this clause. Being a member of the Select Committee, I am very much embarrassed now. I said something there and I have now to say some other thing here. I want a precise ruling whether such a thing can happen. When this point was discussed in the committee for more than two hours and not conceded, how can the Government now come forward with this amendment? I would like to know whether the Government is in order to bring such an amendment whenever it is convenient to them behind the back of the Joint Select Committee. Because this was suggested in their party meeting, this has been brought.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I do not know any discussion that took place outside the House.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—Sir, everybody knows it.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I do not know. Anyway, would the Hon'ble Member like me to deal with it now or would he like me to look into the matter and then give my ruling? *Prima facie*, there is nothing that prevents the Government from moving such an amendment.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—Sir, I too had no time to look into either the Lok Sabha or the Commons' rulings. Sir, in these two years we were able to gain so much from the Chair. Please see that such a thing does not happen. This house has the power to go into the report of the Select Committee. But when the Chairman of Committee is the representative of Government, can he come before the House now and reverse the process and say that the amendment should be accepted in the House irrespective of what has happened in the Select Committee? The Chair may give a

ruling at a later stage. I do not say that it should be given here and now. But it does not appear to be a strange procedure which has occurred during these two years for the first time.

**Sri V. M. DEO.**—It happens that the member who made the suggestion in the Select Committee was not of the ruling party and therefore it was not accepted then. Can it come up again before the House?

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—There is some slight confusion. I will give a considered ruling so that it may be useful for the future. The position as it appears to me is that the Select Committee considers a Bill and what has transpired and the conclusions arrived at are found in the papers submitted to the House. So far as moving an amendment by Government is concerned, I see absolutely no bar or difficulty. Government can move an amendment at any stage, and we have accepted amendments given by Government at a very late stage. If I am to reject moving of the amendment, there must be some basis, some rule, authority or convention. It must be remembered that there is no question of moving or rejecting amendments in the Select Committee. Only suggestions are made and if a suggestion is accepted it is incorporated as a recommendation of the Committee to the House. A member may however give a dissenting note if he disagrees with the other members. Therefore *prima facie* I will have to proceed on the footing that there has been no suggestion, no discussion, no amendment, if it is not found anywhere in the Report of the Committee. It is said that a certain amount of discussion took place for 1½ hours or so in the committee and some conclusion was arrived at. But the question is whether it is binding. The whole thing is open to debate here. It is not as if the House can either accept the Report of the Committee or reject it *in toto*. We are now taking it up clause by clause and not the report as a whole and as an unit. Therefore under what provision of law or rule, can I say that I cannot accept the amendment? Whether the Minister is right or wrong morally speaking, I am not here to decide because I do not know the facts. Even if I know the facts or gather them, I am not here to apportion moral blame against anybody. I am guided by the Rules of Procedure and under the same Government has right to move amendments. This is not occurring for the first time. If the members feel that the amendment is not proper, it may be voted down. Anyhow, I will go into the matter once again.

**Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.**—I remember that when Land Reforms Bill was under discussion in this House, the Government, which rejected a particular amendment in the Select Committee, wanted to move it in the Assembly and the Speaker took the view that it could not be moved. This matter must have gone into the proceedings. The Chair said that the amendment need not be moved.

**Mr. SPEAKER**—The Hon'ble Member may kindly give me the references and I will look into it.

On principle there can be no objection to an amendment being moved by Government but what the Hon'ble Member is pleading probably is that a certain restriction should be placed in cases where it happens

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that the Government have rejected a similar or associate idea in the Select Committee and which is not found in the Report. That should be a bar to the Government subsequently bringing forward the very same amendment. Is that the position of the Hon'ble Member?

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—I have been barred from bringing the matter for discussion in the House. That is my difficulty.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I understand and appreciate the difficulty. I will go into the matter. Sri Venkatarayappa will move his amendment to Clause 42.

Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.—I beg to move :—

“ That for sub-clause (1), the following shall be substituted :—

(1) for every City Municipal Council, there shall be a President and a Vice-President and for every Town Municipal Council, there shall be a President and if the Municipal Council so resolves, a Vice-President in addition to the President.”

Mr. SPEAKER.—Amendment moved :—

That for sub-clause (1), the following shall be substituted :—

“ (1) for every City Municipal Council, there shall be a President and a Vice-President and for every Town Municipal Council, there shall be a President and if the Municipal Council so resolves, a Vice-President in addition to the President.”

Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.—Sir, I beg to move :

“ That sub-clause (4) shall be deleted.”

Mr. SPEAKER.—Amendment moved :—

“ That sub-clause (4) shall be deleted.”

Sri T. MADIAH GOWDA.—I am not moving my amendment Sir.

Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.—Sir, I beg to move :

“ That in sub-clause (5), line 8, after the words “Town Municipalities” the words “the same procedure as in sub-section (4) shall be followed and” shall be added.

That in sub-clause (5) for the words “not below the rank of an...perform the functions of the President” the words “the Deputy Commisioner in the case of City Municipalities and the Assistant Commissioner, if the local area in which the Municipality is situated in his Headquarters and the Thasildar of the place in the case of other Municipalities, shall perform the functions of the President.”

That in sub-clause (6) line 2, for the words “one month” the words “two months” shall be substituted.

In sub-clause (7) line 2, for the words “six months” the words “six continuous months” shall be substituted.

In sub-clause (7) line 8, after the word "President" the words "the same procedure as in sub-section (4) shall be followed and" shall be added.

In sub-clause (9), line 2, after the word "office" the words "as such" shall be added.

In sub-clause (12) lines 5 and 6 after the words "Filled up" the words "in accordance with the procedure laid down in sub-section (4) and" shall be added.

In sub-clause (13), line 4, after the word "Government" the words "in accordance with rules framed by Government" shall be added at the end.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKHR.**—Sir, I beg to move :

That in sub clause (7), the words "if the Municipal Council fails to elect.....vacancy by appointment shall be deleted:

"That sub-clause (12) shall be deleted."

"That sub-clause (13) shall be deleted."

**Sri GANGADHAR NAMOSHI.**—Sir, I beg to move :

"That for sub-clause (11), the following shall be substituted."

"(11) the term of office of President and Vice-President of the Municipal Council shall be the whole term of the Municipal Council."

**Sri S. RAJAGOPAL.**—Sir, I beg to move :

"That in sub-clause (13), lines 2 and 3 between the words "allowances" and "as" the words "not exceeding 150 rupees" shall be inserted."

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendments moved:

"That sub-clause (4) shall be deleted."

"That in sub-clause (5) line 8, after the words "Town Municipalities" the words, "the same procedure as in sub-section (4) shall be followed and" shall be added."

"That in sub-clause (5), for the words "not below the rank of an..... perform the functions of the President" the words "the Deputy Commissioner in the case of City Municipalities and the Assistant Commissioner, if the local area in which the Municipality is situated in his Headquarters and the Tahsildar of the place, in the case of other Municipalities, shall perform the functions of the President".

"That in sub-clause (6) line 2, for the words "one month" the words "two months" shall be substituted."

"That in sub-clause (7) line 2, for the words "six months" the words "six continuous months" shall be substituted."

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“That in sub-clause (7) line 8, after the word “President” the words “the same procedure as in sub-section (4) shall be followed, and” shall be added.”

“That in sub-clause (7), the words “If the Municipal Council fails to elect...vacancy by appointment” shall be deleted.”

“That in sub-clause (9) line 2, after the word “Office” the words “as such” shall be added.”

“That for sub-clause (11), the following shall be substituted:—

“(11) the term of Office of President and Vice-President of the Municipal Council shall be the whole term of the Municipal Council”.

“That in sub-clause (12), lines 5 and 6 after the words “Filled up” the words “in accordance with the procedure laid down in sub-section (4) and” shall be added.”

“That sub-clause (12) shall be deleted.”

“That in sub-clause (13), lines 2 and 3 between the words “allowances” and “as” the words “not exceeding 150 rupees” shall be inserted.”

“That in sub-clause (13), line 4, after the words “in accordance with rules framed by Government” shall be added at the end.”

“That sub-clause (13) shall be deleted.”

Now, would the Hon'ble Minister like to say anything in respect of his amendment?

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—Sir, there is some confusion between clauses 42 (9) and 47 (2). The period referred to in both these sub-clauses is fifteen days. There is no conflict as such. But it may result in some confusion. Therefore, it is sought to reduce the period of notice in 42 (9) for 10 days. This is done in order to avoid any possible confusion at a later date. This amendment is brought up only with that end in view.

Regarding the other thing, sometimes, in some Municipalities, there will be occasions for repeatedly bringing no-confidence motion thus paralysing municipal administration. It is now thought that it would be better to prescribe a time-limit between a no-confidence resolution and others. In the case of an ordinary resolution, a period of three months is prescribed. This would be an extraordinary resolution and if a no-confidence resolution is considered and negatived, it is thought that it would be desirable to give the President at least one year's time to go on with the administration uninterruptedly.

Then, Sir, regarding the other amendment, it is considered desirable to allow a person elected to continue a President so long as he continues

as Councillor. But there is a proviso which restricts the period to one year with the consent of the Council. Sir, in our State, in Hyderabad and north Karnatak area, the period of the President and even the Vice-President, the duration is the membership of the Council. In erstwhile Mysore, in the case of Town Municipalities, it is two years, and in the case of City Municipalities, it is one year. Therefore, it is considered desirable to make a similar provision by adding a proviso enabling such of those Municipalities which desire to limit the period to one year to do so with the approval of the Government. Therefore, I have moved this amendment for the consideration of this House.

† Sri G. V. GOWDA.—Sir, as for the substitution of the period of 10 days for fifteen, I have no objection.

As for the proviso sought to be incorporated, I have got the strongest objection and even protest for the reason that it works contrary to clause 57. This priviso being contrary to clause 57 I should say that it cannot be allowed to stand. Any proviso that is opposed to any clause in the statute must not be allowed to stand. So on that principle, this proviso is not tenable and the Hon'ble Minister cannot adduce any justification for retaining this priviso because it works contrary to clause 57.

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Secondly, by retaining this proviso, the Minister tries to take away a right that has accrued to the Council under the Constitution. If at any time a certain number of Councillors stipulated in that behalf under the Statute want to express no confidence in the President or Vice-President, they must be allowed to exercise that right and any proviso to curtail that right is contrary to the fundamental right that has accrued under the Constitution. Therefore, I am opposing it. It may stand the test of constitutional validity also. Retaining this proviso, trying to take away the right, is something which is not consistent with the principle of clause 57 or the provisions of the Constitution.

So far as the second amendment is concerned, according to the provision made, the term of office of every President and of every Vice-president is one year in the case of a City Municipal Council and two years in the case of a Town Municipal Council. Here Government want to get in. With the consent of the Council, the term may be limited to one year and the election be held every year. In what manner Government could ascertain the consent of the Councillors, I am unable to understand. Government may not hesitate to ascertain the sense of the House in every municipal council.

Sri K. PUTTASWAMI.—May I add a word of clarification to avoid further discussion in this matter? Such a provision exists in our City Municipal Council Act. What is done is, the Municipal council passes a resolution expressing its desire to limit the term to one year and Government approves of it. Therefore, there is no question of consulting the municipal council.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—Why should one particular municipal council limit the term of President or Vice-president to one year and some other municipal council to 4 years? We should have uniformity at least in this respect. Therefore, I am opposing those particular amendments for the reasons that I have already assigned.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೀ. ಮಂಕುಳಪ್ಪ.—ನಾನ್ನಾಗಿ, ಇವರು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದರೆನ್ನೀಲ್ಲ ಕೇಳಿತ್ತೇ ಹೀಗೆ. ಅದರೆ ಇವರು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದನ್ನು ಕೇಳಿತ್ತೇ ಹೀಗೆ ಎಂದು ಮಾಡಿರಾದ ನೀಲ್ಲ ಮಾಡಿಪುಡಿಕೆ ಹೇಳಿಗೊಂಡಾರದು. ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಈಗ ನಾವು ನಮಗಳಾದು ಮಾಡಿರಾದ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇರಿವ ಕಷ್ಟವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಲ್ಪ್ತಿ. ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಮತ್ತು ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಹೊನ್ನಾವಣಿಗಳ ನಡುವುದು ಒಂದೆರಡು ವರ್ಷವಾದ ಸ್ವೀಕೆ ಅಥವಾ ನಾಳನ್ನು ಅವರು ಒಂದು ಮತ್ತು ಬ್ರಿರು ಅ ನ್ಯಾಕ್ ಬ್ರಿರು ಅ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂದಿದೆ ಎಂದರೆ ಬಹು ಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೇ. ಬಹುರೂ ಮೈಸೂರು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕೃತರಾಗಿದ್ದವರು, ಇನ್ನೊಬ್ಬಿರು ಈ ಕಲ್ಯಾಂಸಿ ನಗರದ ಮೇಲ್ಯಿರು ಆಗಿದೆ ವರು. ಇವರಿಂದು ಅನುಭವದ ವೇಗೆ ಈ ರೀತಿ ಮಾಡಿರಿದೆ ಯೋಜನೆ ಮಾಡಬಹುದು. ಬೀಂಬಾಯಿ ಕಣಾಂಡಿಕದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಗೆಂದೆ, ಹುದ್ದಾಬಾಯಿ ಕಣಾಂಡಿಕದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಗೆಂದೆ ಎಂದು ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತರುವುದಾದರೆ ನಾವು ಅದನ್ನು ಒಂದು ಪ್ರಾಣದಕ್ಕೆ ನರ್ವಫಾರ್ ರಾಧ್ಯ ವಿಲ್ಲ. ಅಗಿರುವ ಕಾರೋಬ್ರೇಂಧನ್ ಆಕ್ ಮತ್ತು ಹೇಗೆಂದು ಮೈಸೂರು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗಳ ಆಕ್ ಪಕಾರ ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷ ಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇ ಕಾರೋಬ್ರೇಂಧನ್ ಹೇಗೆಂದು ಹೇಗೆಂದು ಮತ್ತು ಹೇಗೆಂದು ಸಿಹಿ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿ ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಹೊನ್ನಾವಣಿಗಳಿಂದು ಇದೆ. ಅನ್ನು ಒಂದು ಇವತ್ತು ಹೇಡರಾಬಾದಿನಿಂದ ಬಂದಿದೆ ಮೂರು ಜೀಲೆಗಳಾದು ಮತ್ತು ಬೀಂಬಾಯಿ ಕಣಾಂಡಿಕದ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಜೀಲೆಗಳಾದು ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇರಿಸಿದೆ, ಕೊನ್ನಿಲ್ಲ ಹೊನ್ನಾವಣಿಗಳಿಂದ ಹೇಗೆಂದೆ ಅದರ ಪ್ರಜ್ಞ ಅವಧಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಇರು ಬೀಂದೆಂದು ಒತ್ತಾಯಿ ಮಾಡಿದರು ಎಂದು ಸೆರೆಕ್ಟ್ ಕರ್ಮಿಗಳಿಗಲ್ಲಿ ಬಹು ಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದುದಕ್ಕೆ ಈಗ ತಿದ್ದು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿದ್ದೀರಿ, ಅಥವಾ ಯಾರ ಒತ್ತೆದ ಹೇಗೆಂದೆ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿದ್ದೀರಿ, ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ನಿಮ್ಮ ನರ್ವಫಾರ್ಯಾಸಿ ಏನು? ಜನಾಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಕ್ಕೆ ಮನ್ನಿಂಜಿ ಕೊಡುತ್ತೇವೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿ ತೀರಿ. ಜನಾಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಕ್ಕೆ ಮನ್ನಿಂಜಿ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಕ್ಕ ತಾವು ಆ ಜನಾಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಕ್ಕೆ ತಿಳಿತರ್ವಣಿ ಮನ್ನಿಂಜಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುತ್ತಾರೋ ಒಬ್ಬಿರು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದು, ಅಲ್ಲ ನಂಬಿತ್ತಾರು ನಿಮ್ಮ ಕಡೆಯವರು ಹೇಳಿದರು ಎಂದು ಬಹು ನಂಬಿತ್ತಾರೆ ನೀವಾಗಿ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತರುವುದು ನರ್ವಫಾರ್ ನಾಯಿವಲ್ಲ. ಅದಕ್ಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಿರು ಈ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ನಾವು ಒಷ್ಟಿಕೊಳ್ಳುಪುಡಿಕಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಫೆನರ್ ಎಂ. ಎ. ಕೆಂಪುರಾಯಿರು ಮಂಡ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ “the soil of India is not suited for democracy” ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Does the Hon’ble Member agree?

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—I don’t agree. Looking at the conduct of the party now in power, one will certainly conclude that democracy may not survive.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Democracy is broad-bassed.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—It is 138 on the other side; 70 on this side.

ನಾನು ಇದನ್ನು ಏಕೆ ಹೇಳಿತ್ತೇದ್ದೇನೆಂದರೆ ಪ್ರಸಾಧಿತ್ವವನ್ನು ಬೇಕೆಂದರೆ ಈ ರೀತಿ ಮಾಡಬಾರದು.

ಯಾವುದಾರೂ ಒಂದು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಮತ್ತು ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಅವಧಿಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು ಎಂದರೆ ಹಿಂದಿನ ಬಾಗಿಲಿನಿಂದ ಒಂದು ನಿರ್ಣಯ ವಾದಿ ತರಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅದೇ ಇನ್ನೊಂದುಕಡೆ ಹೇಸಿಡೆಂಟರು ಬೇಡ ಎಂದರೆ, ಅವರು ನಮ್ಮ ಹುಡಿತದಲ್ಲಿ, ನಮ್ಮ ಮಾತಿಗೆ ಬೇಕೆಂದೂಪಡಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ನಿರ್ಣಯವಾದಿ ಕಳಿಸಿ ಎಂದು ಹಿತ್ತಲಕಡಿಯಿಂದ ಹೈಕ್ಕಣ್ಡನ್ ಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರಿ. ಈಗ ಇರುವ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಇರಲಿ. ನಿಮಗೆ ಬೇಕಾದವರಿರಲಿ, ಬೇಡವಾದವರಿರಲಿ, ಎರಡು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಅವರನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಹಾಕ. ಬೇಕಾದ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾನೂನನ್ನು ಬಿದಲಾಬಜೆ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೂಸ್ವರೂಪ ವಾಗಿ ಈ ತರಹ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಾವು ತರಕ್ಕಾಡು ನಾಯಿವಾಗಿ ಕಾಣುವುದ್ದಿಯಿಂದ ನಂಗಾದರೂ ಅನ್ನಿಸುತ್ತೇ. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಪಕ್ಷದವರೇ ಅಧಿಕಾರದಲ್ಲಿದ್ದರು ಎಂದು ತುಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳಿ. ಅವರಿಗಾದರೂ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಲು ಮನಸ್ಸಿಗೆ ಏನು ದೃಢತೆ ಇರುತ್ತದೆ, ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸೆಲವು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ? ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಪಕ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಏರೋಧವಾಗಿ ನಡೆದರೆ, ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಮಂತ್ರಿಯಿಂದಲ್ಲಿ

ವಿರೋಧವಾಗಿ ನಡೆದರೆ ಒಂದು ನಿರ್ಣಯ ಮಾಡಿಸಿ ತಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಅಡಿಕಾರಿದಿಂದ ತೆಗೆದುಹಾಕುತ್ತಾರೆ ಎನ್ನುವ ತಂಕೆ ಇರುತ್ತದೆ. ಒಂದೇ ಒಂದು ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯನ್ನು ಹೇಳುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು ಧರ್ಮಸ್ಥಳಕ್ಕೆ ನದ್ಯರನ್ನು ಕರೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಿ ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ಮಾಡಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಪಕ್ಕಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದು ಕಳಣಿಗೆ, ಇಲ್ಲವೇ, ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಪಕ್ಕಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದು ಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಾಗಿ ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ಮಾಡಿ ಎಂದು ಕೇಳುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಇಂಥಂತೆ ಪ್ರಸಂಗ ನಡೆದಿದೆ, ಸ್ವಾಮಿ.

ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರ್‌ಗೆ ಒಂದು ಹಾಕಲ್ಪಿಸೆಂದು ಆ ನದ್ಯರನ್ನೆಲ್ಲ ಕರೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಧರ್ಮಸ್ಥಳಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋಗಿ ಮಂಟ್ಪನಾಭೇಶ್ವರನ ಮುಂದೆ ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು ಎಂಥು ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು ಕುಳಿತುಕೊಂಡು ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ಮಾಡಿಲ್ಪಲ್ಪವೇ...

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಯಾವ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು?

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜಿ. ಮುಕ್ಕೆಜಿಪ್ಪೆ—ಅ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು. ಇದನ್ನೆಲ್ಲ ಏಕೆ ಹೇಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದೇನೆಂದರೆ ಕಾನೂನು ಮಾಡುತ್ತೇವೆ. ಇದು ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಬಹಳ ಗೂಡಬಾದ ಚಿಚ್ಚೆ ನಡೆದಿದೆ. ಇವತ್ತನ ದಿವಸ ಮತ್ತೆ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಇರುತ್ತೇವೆ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷ ತಿಳ್ಳಬಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿರುವುದನ್ನು ನಾನು ಒಪ್ಪಬುದ್ದಿ.

ದಾವಳಗೆ ಸಿಟಿ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯ 10 ಜನ ನದ್ಯರನ್ನು 17 ದಿನ ಉರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಉಲ್ಲಿ. ಅವರು ಉರಸ್ಸು ಒಂದು ವಸಿದ್ದಾನು ಮಾಡುವ ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಯಿತು. ಏಕೆಂದರೆ ತಮ್ಮ ವರನ್ನೇ ಇಧ್ಯಕ್ಷ ಗಡ್ಡಿಗೆ ಪಿನಚೆಕ್ಕು ಎಂದು.

ಒಂದೊಬ್ಬ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ರಾಜೀನಾಮೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 10-15 ಸಾವಿರ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಖರೀದಿ ಅಗತಕ್ಕ ಪ್ರಸಂಗ ಇಡೀ ಅದನ್ನು ತಪ್ಪಿಸಿದ್ದರೆ ನಾಗಾಸುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ಅರ್ಥಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ. ಇದು ಒಂದು ತರಹ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅರಿಬಿಸಿರು ಬರುವ ನಲ್ಲಿ ಏನು ವಿಶದವಾಗಿ ಇಡ್ಡಿದ್ದೇವೋ ಅದೇ ವಿಷಯ ಇರಬೇಕೇ ಹೊರತು ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಬೇರೆ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ತಾವು ಬೇರೆ ಬ್ರಾಹ್ಮಿ ಕೆಂಡಬಾರದು, ಇದನ್ನು ಯಾರಾದರೂ ನೋಡಿದರೆ ಕರುಂ ಲೆಜಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಷನ್, ಬಣಿ ದಂತಹ ಕಾನೂನು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಬಣಿ ಕೊಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಯಾವ ಬಣಿ ಕೊಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು—ಕಲರಬಿಲ್ ಲೆಜಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಷನ್ ಎಂದು ಜನ ಹೇಳುವಂತಾಗಬಾರದು.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜಿ. ಮುಕ್ಕೆಜಿಪ್ಪೆ.—ಹೌದು ಸ್ವಾಮಿ. ದೇವರು ತಮಗೆ ಅಯನ್ನುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಿರು ಅದನ್ನು ಕೊಂಡು ಪಕ್ಕ ತಾವು ಅ ಜಾಗ ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಇನ್ನು 5 ವರ್ಷ ಅದಮೇಲೇ ವಕೀಲ ಪಾರಂಭ ಪಾಡಿದರೆ ಇಂದೂ ಕುರಂ ಬಿಂದರೆ ನಾಯಿಯಾ ಸ್ವಾಸ್ಥ ಮಾಡಿಸುವೆಂದು ತಾವೇ ಈ ರೀತಿ ಹೇಳಿತಕ್ಕ ಪ್ರಸಂಗ ಬಂದಿರುತ್ತದೆ ಈ ಲೆಜಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಷನ್ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು, ನೋಕಾನಾಥಿಡೆನ್ ತರಬೇದಿ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಿರು. 11 ಗಂಟೆಗೆ ನೋಕಾನಾಥಿಡೆನ್ ಪೋಷನ್ ಬಿರುತ್ತದೆ, ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ನಿಯಿಷಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದಿಗೆ ಅಗಬೇಕು—3 ಜನ ವೆಂಬಿರುಗಳನ್ನು ಹಳ ಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಿರು ನಿಯಿಷನ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅವರು ನಿಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಬಂದೋಬಸು ಪಾಡಿ ಬಂಧನದಿಂದ ಕೆರೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋದರೆ ನಾವೇಸಿ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಇಪ್ಪು ದಿವಸದೊಳಗೆ ತರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿರಬಾರದು ಎಂದು ತಾವು ರೆಸ್ಟ್ ಸ್ಟೋರ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾ ಇದ್ದೀರಿ ಇದು ನಾನ್ಯಾಯವೇ? ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಚೊಡಲು ಯಾವ ರೀತಿ ಇರ್ಲು, ಅದೇ ರೀತಿ ಇರಬೇಕು. ನಿಜವಾಗಿ ಹೇಳುವುದಾದರೆ ತಮ್ಮ ನಿಜವಾಗಿಯೂ ಗಂಡುಸುತ್ತನ ಇಂತಹದಾದರೆ—

(ಕೆಲವು ನದ್ಯರು.—ಈನುಸ್ಯಾಮಿ ‘ಗಂಡನುತ್ತನೆ’ ಎಂದರೆ?)

ಗಂಡನುತ್ತನೆ ಎಂದರೆ ಧ್ಯಾಯ, ಎದೆಗಾರಿಕೆ, ಗಂಡನುತ್ತನೆ ಎನ್ನು ಪಡು ಎದೆಗಾರಿಕೆ, ತಮಗೆ ಇರುವುದಾದರೆ, ತಮ್ಮ ಪಾಟೆ ಜನಸ್ತನ್ನು ಒಷ್ಣಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಿಮಿಗೆ ತಕ್ತಿ ಇಲ್ಲವುದಾದರೆ ಆಗಿರುವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇಟ್ಟಿಕೊಂಡು ತಮ್ಮ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷ ಪಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ವಾಪಸುತ್ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಮುಖಾಂತರ ವಿಷಯದಿಂದ ಪಾರ್ಥ ನೆ ಪಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

†Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.—Sir, I oppose both the provisos to sub clause 9 as well as sub-clause 11. As regards no confidence motion, I fully agree with Sri Venkate Gowda that this proviso curtails the right and freedom of the councillors. The other factor is that, within one year occasions may arise which may call for a no confidence motion. But the councillors will have to wait for one year according to this. It is very unfair and very unjust. The other consideration is that during the

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last year of the term of president the councillors will be prohibited from moving any no confidence motion. During the last year of the term of his office, the President may behave in any manner he likes and there will be no check or restriction on him. Regarding sub-clause 11, as has been pointed out by my friend Sri G. Venkatai Gowda, let there be uniformity throughout out the State. Besides, the Government should not interfere in these matters and this is an encroachment. If the President is not liked by the Government or the Government officers, then, Government may find out some excuse to remove him and work out in such a way that he is removed and another henchman of the Government may come there. Government wants to take away the powers of the municipality. What is the necessity for Government to interfere in the affairs of the municipality every day? According to the Bombay Act, general elections take place every year with the understanding of the councillors giving chance to each person to act as President though the President may remain for the full term.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಅರ್. ಕೆಂತಪರ್ವತೀ (ಗಂಡಸಿ).—ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷದ ಕ್ಕೆಂ ಕೊಟ್ಟರುವದು ತುಂಬಾ ಬಾಸ್ತಿ. ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಇಂತಹ ದೊಡ್ಡ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಸಭೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೇರ್ ಕಾನ್‌ಫಿನ್‌ಸ್ ತಂದ ಮೇಲೇ ಇ ತಂಗಳ ಅವಧಿ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಕಾರ್ನಿಲ್‌ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಇ ತಂಗಳ ಅವಧಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟರೆ ಸ್ಟೇಟ್, ಏಕೆಂದರೆ ಪಾರ್ಫಿಯಲ್ ಬಂತಾ ಬಹು ವರ್ಷ ದಿಟ್ಟು ಅಗುತ್ತಾ ಇರುತ್ತದೆ, it will be a tug-of-war. ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಲ್ಲದಂತಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

He has to face the no confidence; otherwise, he will be a monarch and a dictator afterwards.

ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷದ ಕ್ಕೆಂನಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದೇ ಸಾರಿ ನೇರ್ ಕಾನ್‌ಫಿನ್‌ಸ್ ಮೋಷನ್ ತರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿರುತ್ತದೆ. The life of the council will not be charming. ಅದ್ದರಿಂದ ವೋದಳನ ಅಕ್ಕೆನಲ್ಲಿ ಹೈಕೋರ್ ಅದೇ ಬ್ರೇಯಿದೇ ಹೋರತು ಈಗಿರುವಂತಹ ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷದ ಅವಧಿಯನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಹಾಕಬೇಕು, ಇದನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಕ್ಕಾಜ್ 11ರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಮ್ಮೆ ಅಫ್ ಅಫ್ ಅಫ್‌ನ ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷ, ಎರಡು ವರ್ಷ ಎಂದು ಇದೆ; ಇದು ಬಹಳ ಸಾಧುವಾದಾದು. ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕಾರ್ನಿಲ್‌ರೇಷನ್‌ನ ಪರ್ವನಲ್ಲಿ ಇಂಂಗ್ರೆಸ್‌ಫಿನ್‌ರ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಯಾವ ಅಡಳಿತವೂ ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದ್ದರಿಂದ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ದೂರದಲ್ಲಿದೆ ಅವರಿಗೂ ಗೌರವ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ, ಮತ್ತು ಪೋರ ಸಭೆ, ಕಾರ್ನಿಲ್‌ರೇಷನ್ ಅವರಿಗೂ ಗೌರವ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಇನ್ನೂದು ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿ ಇದಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ ಜನರ್ಗಳೇ ಪೇಸಿಡಂಬರು, ಮತ್ತು ವೈಸ್-ಪೇಸಿಡಂಬರನ್ನು ನೇರವಾಗಿ ಜುನಾವಣಿ ಮಾಡಲ ಅಗ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರಿ ಜನರ್ಗಳ ಮೇಲೇ ಇರುತ್ತದೆ. ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರಳು ಕೋರೆ ಹೊತ್ತು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯನ್ನು ಹದ್ದೆಸಿದ್ದೇ ಅದರೆ ಅದರಿಂದ ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಬ್ರೇಯಿರಲ್ಲ, ಮತ್ತು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗ್ಗೂ ಬ್ರೇಯಿದಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲ ಗೌಡ (ಅರ್ಥವರ್ಣಿ).—ಇದು ಬಹಳ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾದ ವಿಷಯ. 42ನೇಯ ಪ್ರಕರಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಏನು ಹೇಳಿದೆಯಂದರೆ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಿಗೆ, ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಿಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕಾನ್‌ಫಿಲರ್‌ಗಳಿಗೆ ನಂಬಿಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಅಧಿಕಾರವೇಸಿದೆ ಎನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾಣನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದೆ... ಆಗಾಗಲೇ ಶ್ರೀಮಾನ್ ಸುನ್ನನ್‌ಕರ್ ಅವರೂ ಶ್ರೀ ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪನವರಳ ಸಭೆಗೆ ತಿಳಿಸಿರುವಂತೆ ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಹೀಗೆ ಇನ್ನೂ ಅನೇಕ ತಪ್ಪಿ ಭಾವನೆಗಳಿರುತ್ತದು. ಈ 42ನೇಯ ಕಾಳಿನ್ನು ಪರಿದಿತ್ತ ಈಗೆ ಬೆರೆದಿದ್ದಾರೆ :

“For every municipality here shall be a President.....”

Mr. SPEAKER.—It is “there shall be.” It is an error. Errata was issued subsequently.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎನ್. ಗೋಪಾಲ ಗೌಡ.—ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರು ನಮ್ಮುನ್ನ ಕನ್ನಪೂರ್ನ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ ರೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದರು. ಆದರೆ ನಾವೇನೂ ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡಿಲ್ಲ. ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಕನ್ನಪೂರ್ವಾನ್ ಆಗಿಲ್ಲ, ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಾನ್ ಕನ್ನಫಾಲಿಂಡ್ ಆಗಿದೆ.

Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.—There are two versions in the reports submitted to us.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I have said that an errata has been issued. The corrections have been carried out subsequently.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲ ಗೌಡ.— ಅ ಏರಾಟ ವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿ? ಅದನ್ನು ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ತೇರಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೇನು? ಇದನ್ನು ಈ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ ಸಮಿತಿಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದವರು ಯಾರಾದರೂ ಹೇಳಿದರೆ ನಮಗೆ ಅಭವಿತವಾಗುತ್ತದೆಯೇ ಎನಿಂದ, ಇಲ್ಲಿದಿದ್ದರೆ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಅನುದರಿಂದ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಇದನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲ ಉದ್ದೇಶವಾಗಿ ಕೈಟಿಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ ರೆಂದು ಹೇಳಬಹುದು. ನಮಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರತಕ್ಕ ಈ ಕೆಂಪು ರಂಧ್ಯನ ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತಿದ್ದೇನೇ ಈ ವಿಚಾರವಿಲ್ಲ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಈ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರು ಒಂದು ತಿಳಿ ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತರುವುದು ಯೋಗ್ಯವಾದಲ್ಲ. ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರು ಈಗೆ ತಮ್ಮ ಸ್ವಂತ ಅಭಿಪೂರ್ಯವನ್ನು ಒಂದು ತಿಳಿ ಪಡಿಯ ಮಾಲಕ ಅವಧಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಪಡ್ಡಿರುವುದು ಇದ್ದೇನು ಆಜುವ ಪ್ರಕಾರವರ ತೀರ್ಮಾನವೇ ಅಭಿವಾಶ ಶ್ರೀ ನಿಜಲಿಂಗಪ್ರಸಾದವರ ಕೂಬಿನಿಂಬಿನ ತೀರ್ಮಾನವೇ ಈ ಗೋತ್ತುಗುವಿದಲ್ಲ. ಅಭಿವಾಶ ಯಾರಾದರೂ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಹೇಳಿ ಈಗೆ ಮಾಡಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೋ ಗೋತ್ತುಗುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ. ಇಲ್ಲ ಅವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ಸೂಚನೆಯ ಏವರಣಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದಾರಾತ್ಮಿ ಒಂದು ಅವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ನಿಷಯವನ್ನು ಸೂಚನೆ ಮಾಡಿಟ್ಟಿರುವುದೇ ಈ ಸೂಚನೆ ಈ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ತರುವಹಾಗ್ಗೆ ಪದೇ ಪದೇ ಈ ಅವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ನಿಷಯದ ಸೂಚನೆ ಬಾರದಂತೆ ತಡೆಹಾಕಲು ಈ ಒಂದು ಕ್ರಾಣಿನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರು ಹೇಳಿದ ವಾದ ಬಹ್ಕ ವಿಚಿತ್ರವಾಗಿದೆ. ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಮತ್ತು ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಂಡಳಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಇಶ್ವರಾಸವಿಲ್ಲಿದ್ದರುವಾಗ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸಕಾರ್ಯಗಳು ಸುಗಮವಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತವೇ, ಇಲ್ಲವೇ ಎಂಬ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯೇ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕೂ ಅವರ ಅಂಗೀಕಾರ ಮುಂದುಬೇಕು. ಅಲ್ಲಿನಡೆಯಿತಕ್ಕ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಕೆಲಸಕಾರ್ಯಗಳಿಗೆ ಎಲ್ಲಿರು ಅನುಮತಿಯ ಮೇಲೆ ನಡೆಯಬೇಕಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಹಾಗಿರುವಾಗ ಒಬ್ಬರ ಮೇಲೆ ಇನ್ನೊಬ್ಬಿಗೆ ಇಶ್ವರಾಸವಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿಕ್ಕು ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸಗಳು ಸುಗಮವಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತವೆ ಎಂಬ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯೇ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಈ ಅವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ನಿಷಯದ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆ ಎದಿರುವಾಗ ಅದಮ್ಮತ ಬೇಗ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು, ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ಬದಲಾಯಿಸಿದರ ಆಗ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸಗಳು ಸುಗಮವಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತವೇ ಹೇಳಲು ಇಲ್ಲಿದ್ದರೆ ಇಲ್ಲ ಎಂಬುದಾಗಿ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಬುದ್ಧಿ ಇರತಕ್ಕ ಮಾನುಷ್ಯರಿಗೂ ಹೊಳೆಯಿದಂಥಿ ಏಷಯ ಇದು ಒಂದು ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾದ ನಿಯಮ. ಯಾರು ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ಅಭಿವಾಶ ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ಹೊನಾವಜೆ ಮಾಡಬಹುದೇ ಅವರು ಮೇಲೆ ಎಷ್ಟು ಸಾರಿ ಬೇಕಾದರೂ ಅವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ಸೂಚನೆಯನ್ನು ತರಬಹುದು. ಅದನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಈ ದಿವಸ ಶುಕ್ರವಾರ ತರಕಾರಿಯನ್ನು, ಈ ದಿವಸ ರಾತ್ರಿ ಕಾಲನಾನಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಅದಕರ್ಮಾಡಬಹುದೇ ಎಂದು ಈಚ್ಚಿತ್ತೇನೆ? ಬಾಯಿಮಾತಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಹೇಳಬಹುದು. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರಿಗೆ ಯಾರಾದರೂ ಇಂಥ ಒಂದು ಅಭಿಪೂರ್ಯವನ್ನು ತರೆಗೆ ಹಾಕಿರುವಾಗ ಅವರು ಇದನ್ನು ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಶಾಂತವಾತಾವರಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಲೋಚನೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ. ಇದು ಅಂಥ ಸ್ವಷ್ಟವಾದ ಏಕಾರವಲ್ಲ. ಅವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಪಡಿಸಲು ಯಾರುಯಾರಿಗೆ ತುನಾವಣಿ ಮಾಡುವ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಯಿದೆಯೇ ಅವರೆಲ್ಲರಿಗೆ ಮರುಜಣದ್ದೇ ಅವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ಸೂಚನೆಯನ್ನು ತರುವದಕ್ಕೂ ಅವಕಾಶಿಯಿಂದಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದನ್ನು ಒಂದು ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಮುಂದುವರಿಸಬೇಕು ಎದರೆ ಬಹ್ಕ ಕಷ್ಟವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಈ ಪಾರ್ವತೀನೇಮನ ತೆಗೆದುಹಾಕಬೇಕಿಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಇನ್ನು ಈ 10-15 ದಿನಗಳ ನೇರ್ಲೈಜ್ನ್ ಅವಧಿಯ ವಿಚಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದರೆ ಇದು ಗಾತ್ರದಫೇಲ್ ಹೋಗತಕ್ಕ ವಿಚಾರವಲ್ಲ. ಬಂದು ಸಂಪ್ರೇ ಸಳ್ಳಿದಿರುಹುದು, ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ದೊಡ್ಡ ರಿಬಹುದು. ಅದರೆ ಎಲ್ಲಕೂ ಬಂದೇ ಅವಧಿ ಇರಬೇಕಾದ್ದು ಅಗತ್ಯ. ಅದು ದರಿದ್ರ ಇಲ್ಲ ಆ 10 ದಿನಗಳನ್ನು ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಂಡು 15 ದಿನಗಳನ್ನು ಕೇಬಿಡುಹುದು.

ಇನ್ನು ನಾನೀಗೆ ಈ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಅಫ್ ಅಫ್ಹಿನ ಹಗರಳಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಹೇಳುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಅದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ದುಕ್ಕಿಳಿ ಪ್ರಸರು ಅಗಲೇ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಅಧಿಕಾರಕೆ ಬಿಂದು ಮೇಲೆ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲ, ಕಾರ್ಪೊರೇಷನ್ಸನ್ನಲ್ಲ, ನಗರ ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲ ಈ ಅಧಿಕೃತ

(ಶ್ರೀ ಎನ್. ಗೋಪಾಲಗೌಡ)

ಬದಲಿಗಳನ್ನು ತಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಬಂದು ದೊಡ್ಡ ಅಫರಿನಂತಾಗಿದೆ. ಅದರಂತೆ ಆಗಾಗಲೇ ನವ್ಯ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷ ಪದವಿ ಕೊಡಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆಂದು ಎರಡು ಮೂರು ಜನರಿಗೆ ಅವರ ಮೂರಿಗೆ ತ್ವರ್ತಿ ಹಣ್ಣಿ ಅವರು ಸ್ತಿಪುಷ್ಟಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಮಾಡುವ ಪಕ್ಷದ ನದನ್ನರ ಪೂನೆಯ ಬಾಗಿಲಗೆ ಹೇಳಿಗೆ ಕಾಯುತ್ತಾ ಕಾಳಿತರಿಂದೆ ವ.ತ್ತು ಅವರು ಹೇಳಿದ ಕಂಪನಿಗಳನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಡಾಡಬ್ಕೆ. ನಗರದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಗಾದರೆ ತಿವೆಹಗ್ಗಿದಲ್ಲಿ ಬಣ್ಣರನ್ನು ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರುತ್ತಾಗಿ ಮಾಡುವ ಪ್ರಕರಣ ಬಂದು ಶ್ರೀರಾಜವಾಗಿ, ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷ ಜುನಾವಣ್ಣ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಎಲ್ಲಿಸ್ಟ್ ಹಿನ್ಫೇರ್ ಆಗಿ, ಎಲ್ಲಿ ತರ್ತಕಂಜಗಾಗಿ ಜಿಗಳ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಭಾಗಿ ಕಾಗ ಆ ಜಾರ್ಜ ಧರ್ಮಸ್ನಾ ಭಾದರೆಗೂ ಹೇಳಿಗೆ ವಿಳಿಸಿ ತಿಂಬಿದಿಲ್ಲ. ಹಾಗೆ ನೂರಾರು ಉದಾಹರಣೆಗಳನ್ನು ಕಂಡಬಹುದು. ಬಂದು ಕಾನೂನಿನ ಮೂಲಕ ಜನ ಅವರನ್ನು ವೀರಿಯಿ ಮಾಡಿ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ಜುನಾವಣ್ಣ ಮಾಡಿ ನಾಲ್ಕು ವರ್ಷಗಳಾಗು ಅವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರು ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಾಗಿರಿಂದೆ ಮಾಡಿರುವಾಗ ಇವರನ್ನು ಬಂದು ವರ್ಷವೇದ ಮುಲ್ಲೆ ಇಳಿಸುವುದು ಎಂದರೆ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿರುವೆಂದು. ಈ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಿಗೆ ಹೇಗೂ ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಿಗೆ ನಂಬಿಕೆ ಬಿರುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ವಾದಿದ ಮೇಲೆ ಅವು ಮಾರಾಟವಾಗ ವಂತೆ, ಗುತ್ತಿಗೆ ಕೊಳ್ಳಿಂತ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೇನು? ಜಿರಿಂದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ನಗರ ನಂಭಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಭೂಪ್ರಾಜಕರಗಳು ಹಣ್ಣಿಲ್ಕೆ ದಾರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ. ನನ್ನ ಮಿತ್ರರಾಗಿದ್ದು ನನ್ನ ಜೊತೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಇದ್ದು ನನ್ನ ಪಾಟಗೆ ಸೇರಿದ್ದವರನ್ನು ಅಖಾವ ಪಕ್ಷದವರು ಅವರನ್ನು ಮೇಲಿನಿಂಬಿ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೇನಂದು ಹೇಳಿ ಅವರನ್ನು ತಮ್ಮ ಪಕ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರು. ಹೀಗೆ ತಿವೆಹಗ್ಗಿದಲ್ಲಿ ನನ್ನ ಪಾಟಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದ ಬಹುಭಾಗದ ನದನ್ನರನ್ನು ಕಾಂಗೇನು ಪಕ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಕಿಂದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದರ ವಿಚಾರವನ್ನು ಬೇರೆಂದೂ ಮಾನ್ಯ ನದಕ್ಕೆಯಾದ ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ರತ್ನಚಂದ್ರನಾಯಕರನ್ನು ಕೇಳಬಹುದು.

ಶ್ರೀಪಂತ ರತ್ನಚಂದ್ರ ಮಾಧವರಾವ್.—ನಾವು ಕದಿಯಲ್ಲ. ಅವರಾಗಿಯೇ ನಮ್ಮ ಪಾಟಗೆ ಬಂದು ಸೇರಿದ್ದು.

5-00 P.M.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎನ್. ಗೋಪಾಲ ಗೌಡ.—ಹೀಗೆ ನಾವು ಕಷ್ಟಪಟ್ಟು ಅವರನ್ನು ಜುನಾವಣಿಗೆ ನಲ್ಲಿವಂತೆ ಮಾಡಿ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲ್ ನದನ್ನರನ್ನಾಗಿ ನಮ್ಮ ಪಕ್ಷದಿಂದ ಅರಿಸಿದ್ದ ಕೆಲವರನ್ನು ಅಡಿತ್ತ ಪಕ್ಷದವರು ವರ್ಷವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರೆ ಇದರಿಂದ ಲೋಕಪದ್ಧರ್ಯಾಂಗಳು ನಿವಾರಣೆಯಾದಂತಾ ಸ್ತುತಿದೆಯೇ? ನಮ್ಮ ಜೊತೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಇದ್ದು ವಾಕಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಂತಹವರನ್ನು ರಾತ್ರೋ ರಾತ್ರಿ ತಿವೆಹಗ್ಗಿದಿಂದ ಜೊಗಳೂರಿಗೆ ಕರನಿಕೊಂಡು ಅರಿಗೆ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷ ಪದವಿ ಕೊಡುತ್ತೇವೆದು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರು ಮತ್ತು ಅವರನ್ನು ಕೆಳಕ್ಕಳಿಸಿ ಈಗ ಅವು ಅತೋಭ್ಯಾಸ್ಯ ತಕ್ಷಣೆಭ್ರಾಗಿ ಬೀದಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಲಯ್ಯಾತ್ಮಿದಾರೆ. ಬಂದು ನಲ ಅರಿಸಿ ಬಂದು ಮೇಲೆ ಅವರು ಬಹುಭಾಗದ ನದನ ರು ಬೆಂಬಲ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಮತ್ತು ಅವರು ವೀರಿಗೆ ಅವಧಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ಮಾಡಲು ಅವಕಾಶವಿರುತ್ತೇನು. ಕಾನೂನಿನ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರುಗಳಿಗೆ ಅವರ ಅವಧಿಯ ಪೂರ್ವ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಲು ನಹಾಯ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೇ ವಿನಾ ಅವರ ಅದಳತದಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಕಾರ ಕೈಗೂಕುವಂತಿರಬಾಂದು. ಈಗ ಸುರಕಾರ ದವರು ತೊಂದರೆ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿರುವ ಎಣ್ಣೀ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗಳಿವೆ. ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಬೋರ್ಡುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಗೂ ಇನ್ನಿತಿ ತರ ನಂಂತೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಇರುವ ಪಾಟಯಲ್ಲಿ ವರಿಗೆ ಇಂತಹ ಸ್ಥಾನಮಾನ ಇನ್ನು ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಿ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವ ಉದ್ದೇಶದಿಂದ ಕಾನೂನಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಮೂರು ವರ್ಷಗಳ ಅವಧಿಯಂತಹಿದನ್ನು ಬಂದು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಇಳಿಸುವಂತೆ ಮಾಡುವುದು ಶಾಧ್ಯ ಹಾಸ್ಯಾನ್ವದ ಮತ್ತು ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷನವಾದುದು. ಯಾವಾಗ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲ್ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ಜುನಾಯಿಸಿ ಬಂದು ಅವಧಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಅವರು ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೇಂದು ಇರುವುದನ್ನು ಬದಲಾಯಿಸಿ ಇವರ ಅವಧಿಯನ್ನು ಬಂದು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಇಳಿಸಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಮಾಡುವುದು ಯಾವ ನೀತಿ ಎನ್ನು ವುದು ನಮಗೆ ಗೊತ್ತಾಗುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ.....

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠನ್ಯಾಯಿ.—ಬಹುತೇಕ ಬಹಿ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನಾಗಲೇ, ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನಾಗಲೇ ಜುನಾಯಿಸಿದ ಮೇಲೆ ಅವರ ಅವಧಿಯನ್ನು ಮೊಟಕು ಮಾಡಬೇಕು ಎಂಬುದೇನೀ ಇಡರಿಂದ ಬಿರುತ್ತಿದ್ದಿಲ್ಲ. ಬಂದು ಪೌರಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ಬಂದು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಅವರ ಸದಿಯಿಂದ ಇಳಿಸಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವ ಅವೇಕ್ಕೆ ಇದ್ದಾರೆ ಆ ಸಭೆಯಿವರು ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಂಚಿತವಾಗಿ ಬಂದು ನಿರ್ಣಯವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿ ನರಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಕರ್ತೃಹಿಸಿ ಅನುಮತಿ ಸಹೇದು ಅವರನ್ನು ಬಂದು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ

ಕರೆದಿಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಇಳಿಯುವಂತೆ ಮಾಡಬಹುದು. ನಾಲ್ಕು ವರ್ಷಗಳ ಕಾಲ ಎಂದು ಆ ಒಂದು ಅವಧಿ ಹಿನ್ನಾರ್ಥಿಯಾಗಿ ಮೇರೆ ಒಂದು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಅವರ ಅವಧಿಯನ್ನು ಇಳಿಸಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವ ತಿಂಡಿಪಡಿ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲ ಗೌಡ.—ತಮ್ಮ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳು ಇಂಫೋರ್ಮೇಷನ್ ಅಗಿರುವಂತಹವು ಎಂದು ನಾನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಳಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ತಾವು ಮೈನ್ಸಾರು ನಗರಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದು ಅನುಭವ ಪಡೆದಿರುವದರಿಂದ ಅನಾವಶ್ಯಕವಾಗಿ, ಏನಾಕಾರಣವಾಗಿ ಇಂತಹ ಗೊಂದಲಗಳಿಗೆ ಈ ಮನುದೇ ಯಲ್ಲಿ ಎಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಿದ್ದಿರಿ? ನಾಲ್ಕು ವರ್ಷಕಾಲ ನಗರ ಸಭೆಗೆ ಒಂದು ಸಾರಿ ಮನುವು ಯನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿದ ಮೇರೆ ಅಳ್ಳಿರುವ ಬಹುಮತ ಪಕ್ಷದವರು ಬಟ್ಟಿರುವು ಅಧಿಕೃತನಾಗಿ ಮನುವನು ತಾರೆ. ಎಲ್ಲಿಯತನಕ ಅವರು ಬಹುಮತದ ಸದಸ್ಯರ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸವನ್ನು ನಾವಾರಿಸುತ್ತಾರೇ ಅಲ್ಲಿಯ ಪರಿಗೆ ಅವರೂ ಪ್ರತಿಯಾಗಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿನ ಕೆಲಸಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಲು ಅವಕಾಶವಿರಬೇಕು. ಆದರೆ ಇಲ್ಲಿರುವ ನಾನಾ ವಿಧಿಗಳನ್ನು ನೇಡಿದರೆ ಅವರ ಅಧಿಕಾರವನ್ನು ಮೊಟ್ಟಕು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿರುವುದು ಚೇನಾಗ್ಗಿ ಗೋಚರವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದರಿಂದು ನಬ್ಬ-ಕಾಳ್ಜ್ 11 ರಿಂದ:

“(i) a period of two years from the date of election in the case of a town municipal councillor his term as a councillor, whichever is earlier;....”

ಇಂದು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ತಮ್ಮದಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿರುವುದು ಏತಕಾಗ್ಗೆ ಇಂತಹ ತಿಂಡಿಪಡಿಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಈ ಮನುದೇಯಲ್ಲಿ ಗೊಂದಲಗಳಿಗೆ ಆಸ್ತಿದವಾದುತ್ತಿರಿ? ಅಧಿಕೃತ, ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು, ಮುಂತಿಂಗಾರಿ ಮನುದೇಯನ್ನು ನಡ್ವು ರಾಗಿಸುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿರಿ? ಒಂದು ಕಡೆ ತೊಂಬಿತ ನಡ್ವು ಇಲ್ಲಿರುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿರಿ? ಒಂದು ಕಡೆ ತೊಂಬಿತ ನಡ್ವು ಇಲ್ಲಿರುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿರಿ? ಅವಧಿ ಅವಧಿ ನಾನು ಮನುವನ್ನು ಕೊಂಡಿದೆ ಕೆಂಪು ಕೆಂಪು ಪಕ್ಷದವರು ಏಕೆ ಹೇಳಿರುತ್ತಿರಿ? ಒಂದು ಕಡೆ ತೊಂಬಿತ ನಡ್ವು ಇಲ್ಲಿರುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿರಿ? ಅವಧಿ ಅವಧಿ ನಾನು ಈ ಮನುವನ್ನು ನಡ್ವಿಸಿದರೆ ಬಿಂದಿ ಗೊಂದಲ ನಿಲ್ಲಿದಂತೆ ನಗರಸಭೆ ರೋಗಿ ಇನ್ನೂ ಹಿಡಿಸಿ ನಿಲ್ಲಿಪಕ್ಷಕೆ ತಾಂಬಿ ಅವಗಳು ಉತ್ತಮವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಮನುವನ್ನು ನಡ್ವಿಸಿದರೆ ತುರುತ್ತಾರೆಂದು ತಿಂಡಿಕೊಂಡಿದೆ. ವ್ಯಾಯಿಕ ಕ್ವಾಗಿ ಮಾನವಂತಿಗಳು ಹೀಗೆ ಮಾತ್ರಾತ್ಮಕ ಅನ್ವಯ ನಂಬಿಕೆಯೂ ಇತ್ತು. ಅವರೆ ಈ ಈ ಮನುದೇಯನ್ನು ಒಂದಿರುವ ರಿಫೋರ್ಮನ್ನು ಒದಿದೆಯೇ ನಿರ್ಬಳ್ಯದಾಗಿರುವುದಾ ಕಂಡುಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಹೇಣ ಹೇಣ ತಿಂಡಿಪಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರವರವರವಾಗಿ ತಾದು ಇದ್ದು ವಾಗಿಸಿದ ಬೇಕಿಂದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಈ ಮನುದೇಯಿಂದ ಪೌರಸಭೆಗಳ ಮತ್ತು ನಗರ ಸಭೆಗಳ ಜಾಬಾತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಬಿಂದಿ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಗೊಂದಲವಾಗಿಸುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತಿದೆ ಮಾಡಿದೆ. ಇದರ್ಮ್ಮ ಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಶ್ರೀ ವಾಪಣ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಡು ಇದ್ದು ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಇನ್ನೂ ಬಿನ್ನೆನ್ನು ಅದು ಪಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ತ ಬಿಕಿ ನೆನ್ನುವದನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಕುಳಿತು ವಿಕಾರಮಾಡಿ ತರುವದು ಸಾಕ. ಅಲ್ಲವೇ ಅವರ ವಿಷಯ ನಾಗಿ ಅವರ ಪಾಟಿಗೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯಾ ಜಚ್ಚಿಸಿದಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ನಾಗರ ಗೋತಾಗಿದೆ. ತರುಗೂ ಗೋತಿ ರುಚಾತೆ ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್‌ಪ್ರಕಾಶದಲ್ಲಿಯಾ ಕೂಡ ಇದ್ದು ತಪ್ಪಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಇದೆ ನೆರೆಕ್ಕು ಕೂಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಿರೋಧಮಾಡಿದಂತಹ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ದಿಸ್ಪೆಂಟಿಂಗ್ ನೆರ್ಜಿನ್ನು ಕಾಳಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿಂತೆ ಕಾಳಿವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಮೊದಲೆಂದೆ ಇದರ ಹರರು ಮುಂಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿ. ಒಂದು ಗೊಂದಲ ಮನುದೇಯಾಗಿ ಬಿರುಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ. ಹೀಗೆ ಅಂಗಿರಾ ಮಾಡಿವಾಗಲೇ ಈ ರೀತಿ ಮಾಡಿದೆ ವ್ಯಾಂದೆ ದೊಡ್ಡ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಲೋಕ್‌ವೇಳೆಂಪ್ರೇಸ್‌ಗ್ರೇ ಅವಕಾಶವಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಿತ್ತೇ ಆಗ. ಇದೆ ಅದುದರಿಂದ ತಾವು ಇದನ್ನು ಇನ್ನೂ ಮೇಲ್ಕೆ ಬಿಡಿಸಿರುವ ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಕ ನಾವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕ್ಕಿ. ಕಾನೂನು ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ನೇರೀ ಆಗಿ ಇದನ್ನು ಒಷ್ಟಿಸಿದುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಮಾನಿಸಿಕ ಆಡಿತ್ಯದ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ತಾವು ನೋಡಿದೆ ಎಂಬ್ಲೋಕ್ ಗೊಂದಲಗಳಿಂದೆ. ಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಒಂದುನಾರುನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ತೆಲ್ಲಿರಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ. ತಾವು ಇದು ರೋಗಿ ಗೊಂದಲದಿಂದಾಗಿ ಅವಕಾಶವಾಡಿಕೊಂಡಿದೆ ಅಗ್ರಧಿ ಅಂತರಿಸಿದೆ. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕೂ with the consent of the Government ಎಂದು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಒಂದುನಾರಿರಿ ರೂಪಾಯಾಗಿಷ್ಟು ಹಣವನ್ನು ನಗರಸಭೆ ಬಹುದಾಯವಾಗ ಹಾಗೂ ಬಟ್ಟಿ ಅನುಸಿಗೆ ಜನಗಳ ಬಟ್ಟಿ ಬಗೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಜಾಗಕೆಡಿಕೊಂಡೆ ಎಂದು ಪ್ರತಿನಾರಿಯೂ ಸರಕಾರವನ್ನು ಕೇಳಿ

(ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲಗೌಡ)

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎಂ. ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪ :—

ವಾಗಿ ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಾದ ಶ್ರವಂಗ ಏನಿದೆ? ಆಗ ಚಿಕ್ಕಬಿಳಾಪುರ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ವೈನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟ್ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಆ ಕಾನ್ನಿರ ಇಟ್ಟಪಡ್ಲಿರೆ ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು. ಅವರು ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಏಕೆ ಬ್ರಾಹ್ಮಣರಾಜೀವೆಂಬುಕ್ಕೆ? If the Municipal Council so denies with the sanction of the Government, Vice-President ಆನ್ನು ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು ಎಂದು ಹಂಡೆ ಇಡ್ಡದನ್ನು ಆಗ ಏಕೆ ತೆಗೆದುಹಾಕಿದರಿ? ಹಂಡಿನ ಪರಿಸ್ಥಿತಿಗೂ, ಆಗ ಮುಂದೆ ಬಿರಾಪುರಕ್ಕಾಗೆ ವೈತ್ಯಾನವಿದೆ. ಇದುವರೆಗೆ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಕಲನವಿತ್ತು, ಚೆಂಬ್ರ್ ಅಭಿನರ ಮೇಲೆ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಕಂತೆ ಇತ್ತು, ಆಗ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಕೆಲನ ಜಾಸ್ತಿ ಇತ್ತು. ಆಗ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಏನೊಂದಿನ ಅಧಿಕಾರಪಿಲ್ಲದಂತೆ ಮಾಡಿರುವಾಗ, ಇನ್ನು ವೈನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟ ಮಾಡುವುದೇನು? ವೈನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಬಂದು ಕಾಗೆದೂ ಬರುವದಿಲ್ಲ. ಹಂಡಿನ ಆಕ್ಷಯನಲ್ಲಿರುವುದು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ, ಅದನ್ನು ಒಮ್ಮೆ ಕೊಂಡರೆ ಹೇನ್ನಾಗ್ಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಮೇಲಿನ ಅಂತಸ್ಯಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಕುಳಿತುಕೊಂಡು ನೋಡುವುದನ್ನು ಬಡಿ, ಕೆಳಗೆ ಇಲ್ಲದು ಕೆಳಗಿನ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ನೋಡಿದರೆ ಉತ್ತಮ ಎಂದು ಕಾಣಿತ್ತದೆ. ಸರ್ಪಾ-ಕಾಂಡು 4, 5, 7, 12 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟ್ ಮತ್ತು ವೈನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟ್ ವೇಕೆಸ್ಪು ಅವಾಗ ಆ ಸ್ಥಾನಕೆ ಬರಲು ಅವಕಾಶಪಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಇದ್ದಾಗಿ ಆ ಸ್ಥಾನಗಳನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಭರಿತ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು, ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ಕೆಲನ ವನ್ನು ಯಾರು ನೆರವೇರಿನಬೇಕು ಇತ್ತಾದಿ ವಿಷಯಗಳು ಇವೆ. ಒಂದು ವೇಳೆ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟ್ ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಇದ್ದಾಗಿ ಸ್ಕೆನ್ ರ ರ ಪ್ರತಾರ ಸಂಪತ್ತ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿ ಇರುವಲ್ಲಿ ದೇಶ್ಯಗ್ರಂಥ ಕರ್ಮಿಪನರು ಇರುತ್ತಾರೆ ಅಸಿಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಕಮಿಟೀನಾಗಿ ಇರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಒಳ್ಳೆ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅಸಿಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಕಮಿಟನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಇರುವಾಗ ತಹಸೀಲ್ ದಾರರು ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ಚಾರ್ಚಿನಲ್ಲಿರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಇದೆ. ಸರ್ಪಾ-ಕಾಂಡು 4 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದು ವೇಳೆ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ಅವರ ಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಎಲ್ಲಕ್ಕೂ ಆಗಿ ಬರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ವಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಇರುವಾಗ ಯಾರು ಅವರ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯವನ್ನು ನಿರ್ವಹಿಸಬೇಕೆಂಬ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅನಿಶ್ಚಿತವಾದೆ. ಅದ್ದಿಂದ ಒಂದು ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಗುರಿಯಾಗಿ, ಸ್ಟೀಫಿಕ್ ಆಗಿ ಇಲ್ಲಯೇ ನಮೂದಿಸಬುದು ಬಳ್ಳಿಯಾದು. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದಕ್ಕೂ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದರೆ, ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಬೇರೆ ಕೆಲನವೇ ಇಲ್ಲವೇ!

ಕೆಲನವಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಇರುವ ಕಡೆಗೆ ಇಲ್ಲ ಕಮಿಟನ್ನು ನೇಮುಕ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಇದ್ದರೆ ಎಲ್ಲ ಕೆಲನವನ್ನೂ ಅವರೇ ಮಾಡಲಿ. ಯಾವಾಗ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ಇರುವವಿಲ್ಲವೋ ಆಗ ದೇಶ್ಯಗ್ರಂಥ ಕಮಿಟನ ರಾಗಲ್ ಅಸಿಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್, ತಹಸೀಲ್ ರಾಗಲ್ ಅವರು ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಪನ್ನು ನೋಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಾದ್ದು ರೆಕ್ಯೂಚಾರವಾಗಿದೆ, ನ್ಯಾಯಪಾಗಿದೆ, ಧರ್ಮಪಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವರ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ದೇಶ್ಯಗ್ರಂಥ ಕಮಿಟನರಿಗೆ ಬರುವುಬೇಕು, ಅದರಮೇಲೆ ಅವರ ಅರ್ದರಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು ಎಂದರೆ ಬ್ರಿಳಿ ತೆಸಿಂದರೆಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಇಂಥ ಸಂದರ್ಭಗಳಲ್ಲಿ, ಇಂಥ ನ್ಯಾಯಾಲ್ಯಾಜಿಟ್ ಇಂಥವರು ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಪನ್ನು ನೋಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು ಎಂದರೆ ಆ ಜಾಗ ಬಾಲಯಾದ ಕೂಡಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಬ್ಜ್ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಇಂಥವರು ಅಧಿಕಾರ ವಹಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು ಎಂದರೆ ಕಾಲಹರಣವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಕಾಲ ಕಳೆಯುವದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿರುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ನಾನು ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಂದಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಅದನ್ನು ಮಾನ್ಯಸಚಿವರು ದಯವಿಟ್ಟು ಬಹಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಾರೆ ಎಂದು ನಾನು ನಂಬಿದ್ದೇನೆ.

ಸರ್ಪಾ-ಕಾಂಡು ಆರಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ಎರಡುತ್ತಿಂಗಳ ಕಾಲ ಮತ್ತು ವೈನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ಒಂದು ತಿಂಗಳಕಾಲ ಗೆಸ್ಟ್ರು ಹಾಜರಾದರೆ ಅವರು ಆ ಸ್ಥಾನದಿಂದ ಹೊರಗೆ ಬರಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಕೆಲನವಿರುವದಿಲ್ಲ, ಇದ್ದರೆ ಅಪ್ಪೆಲ್ಲೋ ಇಪ್ಪೆಲ್ಲೋ ಇರುತ್ತದೆ. ಅದರೆ ವೈನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಏನೊಂದು ಕೆಲನವಿರುವದಿಲ್ಲ. ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂದು ಕುಳಿತುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು ಹೊರಗೆ ಬರಬೇಕು ಅಪ್ಪೆ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಕಾಗಡ ಪತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಬಾ ಎಂದರೆ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿ ನಮಗೆ ಆ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಕೂಟ್ಯಾಲ್ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿತ್ತಾರೆ. ಇಂಥ ಪರಂಗ ಇಲ್ಲವಾಗ ಕೆಲನವಿರುವ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಎರಡು ತಿಂಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಕೆಲನವೇನೂ ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಇರುವ ವೈನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಒಂದೇ ತಿಂಗಳು ಎಂದು ಹಾಕಿರುವುದು ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲ. ಪ್ರೆನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೂ ಎರಡು ತಿಂಗಳ ಅವಧಿ ಇರಲ ಎಂದು ನನ್ನ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯಲ್ಲ. ನಾನು ನೂಡಿಸಿದ್ದೇನೆ.

ಸರ್ಪಾ-ಕಾಂಡು 13ರಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೂ ವೈನ್-ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗೂ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಡುವ ವಿಷಯವಾಗಿ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ನನ್ನ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಇಪ್ಪು ವರಮಾನವಿದ್ದರೆ ಇಪ್ಪು ಸಂಭಾವನೆ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು ಎಂದು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಅನ್ಯಾಯವಿಂತೆ ಬಂದೇ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡುವುದು ಬಳ್ಳಿಯಾದು. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯೂ ಅನಗೇ ಇಟ್ಟಬಂದಂತೆ ಕೊಡಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಬಹಿಗೆಯನ್ನು ಕೇಳಿಸುವುದು ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲ. ಅದುದಿಂದ ನಾನು ನೂಡಿಸಿರುವ ತಿದ್ದುಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ಮಾನ್ಯಸಚಿವರು ಬಹಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ನಾನು ಕೇಳಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

† Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.—My amendments relate to sub-clauses 4, 7 and 12. These sub-clauses are encroachments on the powers and rights of the municipalities. That State Government has the power of appointing President and Vice-President. Even in the case of death or resignation of the President or the Vice-President, Government takes the power of appointing them. This is highly objectionable. The best course would be to fill up the vacancy by election. Government cannot take away that right and force a President or Vice-President on the Municipality. Since the introduction of the Montague Chelmsford Reforms in 1919, local bodies have been electing their Presidents and Vice-Presidents and it looks strange that after 40 years, Government should try to fill up vacancies by appointment to be made by Government. This would reduce local self-government to a sheer mockery. If this clause is adopted, it would result in much mischief. If the Councillors do not want a particular man to become President or Vice-President, they may work out things in such a way that no election could take place. They may approach Government to appoint a man of their choice. I do not understand why Government should take upon itself the responsibility of appointing a President or Vice-President.

I object to sub-clause 13. The posts of President and Vice-President should be honorary and should not carry remuneration.

There has been a tradition in our country of service and sacrifice. Great persons and personages have worked as Presidents and Vice-Presidents. I may mention Sir the late Gopalakrishna Gokhale, Sir Pheroze Shaw Mehta, Mavalankar, even Sardar Patel. Such great personages have been Presidents. That has been the tradition. The tradition is to work as President in a spirit of service and sacrifice. This sub-clause (13) goes against this tradition, that valuable tradition. I, therefore oppose this sub-clause, Sir. In any case, they should not be given any allowance.

5-30 P.M.

† శ్రీ గంగాధర నాయోపి. —మినిష్టర్ లోడ ఇదక్కే తిమ్మపది సూచనే మాడ చేసాగి బంతల్లా ఎందు అప్పు సమ్మానసమితి పాటింగ్ లో పాటింగ్ యారు సూచనే మాడిరువ తిమ్మపది నాలుక్క ప్రాగ్ గలా రే, మినిష్టర్ లోడ సూచనే మాడిరువ తిమ్మపది లు ఏలు ప్రపాతి అగుత్తదే. అదక్కే నాపు హేళిదు వినందరే ఇదన్నెల్లా కూలింకచవాగి పరితీలనే మాడ సోద్రు ఇదన్నె బళ్ళయి రీతిల్లాద మాడిదరే ఎల్లరిగొ బళ్లే యుదాగుత్తదే. మినిష్టర్ లోడ పదచే అభ్యాసినే ఎన్ను ప్రాదక్క తిమ్మపది వాడిరువ విషయద్దు అదు కంపీల్కో పిరియడ్ ఇరిచేసేందు ఒత్తు హేళిత్తేనే. ఒందు విషయ అవధియన్ను బింబాయిను ప్రాదక్క కౌన్సిల్ నవచరిగే అడకార కోట్టరే దివపక్క ఒంధోందు రీతియల్లు ఆగి జవత్తు ఇవరు నాళీ మాత్రం బ్బరు ఈ రీతియల్లా అగిపుదు. కిందే చోగలాయిర కాలద్దు ఆగుత్తద్దుంతే 'విక్ దిన్' కాను సుల్యాన్ ఎన్న వంతే ఆగుత్తదే. ఈ రీతి ఎల్లా ఆగిపుదు. ఈ దిన ముంత్రగాళు, బుధవాంత్రిగాళు ఆగిపుద కావు నాళీ దిన మునిసిపల్ ప్రైసిడెంటరీ అదాగ తమగే అనుత్తదే నాను విక్ ఈ స్వాన్కే బిందోందు ఎందు; అప్పు తాపత్రయి పదుత్తీరి. అతర అతిరపాగి చాదిదీరి, ఈగ మాడిద్దు సెయాద్లు ఎందు హేళావుదక్క బందు బువాహరజీయన్ను కొడుత్తేనే, శ్రీమాన్ కోండచ్చ బిస్టేన్చరన్ కేళద్దీరే బళ్లేయి రీతియల్లు బుత్తర కొడుత్తద్దురు, తాట్లూకు బోయిఫ, పంచాద్గాణన్ను ఈ

తరచు పూడపల్ల ఎందచేయిని నిమిగే ఈ రిఎం పూడలు యావ రిఎం బుద్ధి బంశోదీ అథ వాగపల్ల. తాప్లులకు బోల్డర్ అక్ష్యు, పుండ్రాల్యు అక్ష్యు పూడువ కాలకే, రాజుసాన్సును, శస్త్రాల్సు, చుబ్బును, ఇల్లర్లు ఇరతక్కపోర్గ్ సీవ్ అక్ష్యు ఇచ్చుకొండు పూడివ్వారే, అద్వితింద అదర బిగ్గెయి అక్ష్యు బింతు. అద్వితింద తాపు కేషిప్పరతక్క తిద్దుపడిగేశన్ను కిందక్కే తేగేమికోండు ఇన్నోందు నారి ఎల్లివన్ను చేన్నాగి పరితీలునే పూడి ఇదన్ను నుధారింపబోకందు ఏనంతి పూడికోశ్శుత్తేనే.

**Sri S. RAJAGOPAL.**—Sir, here I want to know specifically that there should be some fixed amount for this President and Councillors. It may be mentioned in the rules also. If an assurance can be given to that effect, I am prepared to withdraw. I am not supporting the argument advanced by my Hon'ble friend Sri B. R. Sunthankar saying that a spirit of service and sacrifice should be there. Even to-day, M.Ps are demanding more salary. That is the case of our society. It is impossible to expect such a sacrifice from Presidents and Vice-Presidents. I am requesting the Hon'ble Minister if there is any possibility of fixing certain amounts. If so, I am prepared to withdraw my amendment.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The Hon'ble Member may refer to this Assembly and Members here and need not refer to Parliament.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—Sir, I have already said at the outset while moving my amendment regarding the necessity.

Regarding the idea of prescribing allowances under the Rules, I shall consider it, Sir.

Regarding other matters referred to by the Hon'ble Member Sri C. V. Venkatarayappa and others, I regret I am unable to accept the amendmentss.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—I will put these amendments to the vote of the house. I will go sub-clause after sub-clause. The question is :

“That for sub-clause (1), the following shall be substituted :

(1) for every City Municipal Council, there shall be a President and a Vice-President and for every Town Municipal Council, there shall be a President and if the Municipal Council so resolved, a Vice-President in addition to the President.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—There are two amendments to sub-clause : Amendment No. 38 was not moved : The question is :

“That sub-clause (4) shall be deleted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That in clause 42, in sub-clause (5), line 8, after the words “Town Municipalities,” the words, “the same procedure as in sub-section (4) shall be followed and” shall be added.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

‘ That in clause 42, in sub-clause (5), for the words “not below the rank of an...perform the functions of the President” the words “the Deputy Commissioner in the case of the City Municipalities and the Assistant Commissioner, if the local area in which the Municipality is situated in his Headquarters and the Tahsildar of the place, in the case of other Municipalities, shall perform the functions of the President.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

‘ That in clause 42, in sub-clause (6), line 2, for the words “one month” the words “two months” shall be substituted.’

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

‘ That in sub-clause (7), line 2, for the words “six months” the words “six continuous months” shall be substituted.’

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

‘ That in clause 42, in sub-clause (7), line 8, after the word “President” the words “the same procedure as in sub-section (4) shall be followed and” shall be added.’

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

‘ That in clause 42, in sub-clause (7), the words “If the Municipal Council fails to elect.....vacancy by appointment” shall be deleted ’.

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—I will now put amendment by the Hon’ble Minister. The question is :

‘ That in proviso to sub-clause (9), for the word “fifteen” the word “ten” shall be substituted, and after the said proviso, the following further proviso shall be inserted, namely :—

“Provided further that where a resolution expressing want of confidence in any President or Vice-President has been considered and negatived by a municipal council, a similar resolution in respect of the same President or the Vice-President shall not be given notice of or moved within one year from the date of the decision of the Municipal Council.”

"That for sub-clause (1), the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—

(1) The term of office of every President and of every Vice-President shall, save as provided in this Act, cease on the expiry of the term of office as councillor:

Provided that the Government may, with the consent of the Municipal council concerned, direct that the term be limited to one year and that elections therefor be held every year."

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

"That in sub-clause (9) line 2, after the word 'office' the words 'as such' shall be added."

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

"That in sub-clause (12) lines 5 and 6 after words 'filled up' the words 'in accordance with the procedure laid down in sub-section (4) and' shall be added".

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

"That sub-clause (12) shall be deleted".

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

"That in sub-clause (13), lines 2 and 3 between the words 'allowances' and 'as' the words 'not exceeding 150 Rupees' shall be inserted."

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

"That in sub-clause (13) line 4, after the word 'Government' the words 'in accordance with rules framed by Government' shall be added at the end."

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

"That sub-clause (13) shall be deleted".

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That clause 42, as amended, stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 42, as amended, was added to the bill.

#### CLAUSE 43.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Before we proceed, I find that Hon'ble Member's have a feeling that they had not enough time to read the report. So, we shall adjourn at 6 P.M. to-day.

**Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—Sir, I beg to move :

“That items (d) and (e) shall be deleted.”

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Amendment moved :

“That items (d) and (e) shall be deleted.”

† **Sri B. R. SUNTHANKAR.**—Sir, in fact, furnishing the particular information or extracts is the work of the officers and not that of the President. By this, the Municipal President is reduced to the place of a subordinate of the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner. This clause restricts the power of the President, if I may say so. While saying so, I would like to compare this Act with the Bombay Act. The Bombay Act gives more powers to the President. It gives the power of supervision and control over the municipal affairs. Section 31 (c) of the Bombay Act gives power to the President to supervise and control the acts of the municipality. Sub-section (d) of section 31 gives also emergency powers to the President. As compared to that Act, under this Act the President almost becomes a presiding authority. This is understandable. This post of President is reduced to a mockery.

† **Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—Sir, there is no such intention. The clause only says that he has to furnish the resolutions and other things for the information of the Government.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That in clause 43 items (d) and (e) shall be deleted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is :

“That clause 43 stand part of the bill”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 43 was added to the bill.

#### CLAUSE 44.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—There is no amendment. The question is :

“That clause 44 stand part of the Bill”.

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 44 was added to the Bill.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Clause 45.

**Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.**—Sir, I beg to move:

'That in sub-clause (3) line 6, after the word "President" the words "in the case of City Municipalities and the Deputy Commissioner in the case of Town Municipalities" shall be added.'

Mr. SPEAKER.—Amendment moved:

'That in sub-clause (3) line 6, after the word "President" the words "in the case of City Municipalities and the Deputy Commissioner in the case of Town Municipalities" shall be added.'

‘ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ವಿ. ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯಪ್ಪ.—ನಾನ್ಯಾಮಿ, ರಾಳ್ಜ್ 43ರ ಸರ್ಬ್-ಕೂಟ’ (3)ರ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಯಾರ್ಥದರೂ ಯಾವಾದೂದರೂ ರೆಕಾರ್ಡಿನ ಕಾಪಿ ಬೇಕಾದ್ದೇ ಅದನ್ನು ಬೀಳಿ ಅಭಿನರ್ಯ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಬೇಕಾದೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರದಿಂದ ಬೇಕಾದ್ದು, ಇಲ್ಲವೇ ಇಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಬೇಕಾದರೂ ಹೇಳಿಬಹುದು). ಅನೆಂತರ ಅಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮರನಶ್ವಿ ನಾವು ಕೇಳಬಹುದು. ‘ಅದೇ ಅಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮರೂ ಯಾವ ಅಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮರ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಅದೇ ಘೋಷನರೆ ಎಂಬ ಅಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮನ್ನು ಈ ಕೂಟ್ ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಪ್ರೋನ್ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗಳ ಲೆಕ್ಕೆ ಸಿಟಿ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗಳ ಅಂತೆ ಅಲ್ಲ. ಇಲ್ಲ ಅನೇಕ ಅನ್ಯಾಯಗಳು ನಡೆಯುತ್ತಿವೆ. ಅದುದರಿಂದ ಪತಿಯೊಬ್ಬರಿಗೂ ಸರಿಯಾದ ನ್ಯಾಯ ದೇರೆಯಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ನಾನು ಈ ತಿದ್ದು ಪಡಿಯನ್ನು ನುಚಿಸಿದ್ದೇನೆ.

ಕಾಜು 45 ರಲ್ಲಿರುವ ನಬ್ಬ-ಕಾಜು (3)ರಲ್ಲಿ “Every Councillor shall have access to one Records, etc.” ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿ ಕೊನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ‘The President’s decision shall be final ಎಂದಿದೆ.

మునిషిపల్ కలుషనరు ఆడఫరు వాడాదిదమేలే ప్రీసిటేంటరిగే అపిలు పూడువాగ ఎప్పుడ్నో వ్యతిసగగణన్న మాడువడక్క అవకాశాన్నితుదే. ఆదరూ ఈగ కమిషనరాగిరువ పరు డి.సి. గ్రెడిగే సెరిడచర్చాగిరువుదరింద స్ట్రీల్సి అడఫరు వాడుతూరే. కాను మునిషిపలాటికగట్టి సిఫో అపిలును మాడువ ఆడఫరిని మేలే అపిలుగే అవకాశ కోడదే కోదరే నరియాగిరువురిల్ల. ఇంతక అపిలుగణన్న డెప్యూటి కమిషనరపర కడిగే కణిసి కోడువుదు మేలు.

**Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.**—I cannot accept the amendment.

MR. SPEAKER.—The question is:

That in sub-clause (3) of line 6, after the word "President" the words "in the case of City Municipalities and the Deputy Commissioner in the case of Town Municipalities" shall be added.

*The amendment was negatived.*

Mr. SPEAKER.—The question is:

“That clause 45 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 45 was added to the Bill,

## CLAUSES 46 to 51.

Mr. SPEAKER.—The question is :

“That clauses 46 to 51 ‘both inclusive’ stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clauses 49 to 51, both inclusive, were added to the Bill.

## CLAUSE 52.

Sri C. V. VENKATARAYAPPA.—I beg to move :

‘That in sub-clause (1), the words “Save as otherwise provided in this Act” shall be deleted.’

Mr. SPEAKER.—Amendment moved :

‘That in sub clause (1), the words “Save as otherwise provided in this Act” shall be deleted.’

† శ్రీ సి. వి. వెంకటరాయప్ప.—కాళు 52రల్లివ సబ్-కాళు (1)రల్లి “Save as otherwise provided in this Act” ఎ దినే. నన్న అభివృయదల్లు ప తియిందు ష్రేష్ఠులు చునిపిశ్చ కొన్ని ల్లీగే బంధాగ బందు పేజారిషి అభివృయదమేరై తీమానస పాగపేకాగుత్తదే. “Save as otherwise provided in this Act” ఎంచు పికట్కే జీవర్లు హాకివార్సువుదు ననగే అథ-వాగుత్తిల్ల. అల్లిదే ఈ బగే ఈ చునుదెయి బేరే యావువాదరూ కాలజెనిల్లి వినాదరూ హేడ్జ్యారేయో వినోరే ఎన్నపుదు ననగే గొత్తుగుత్తిల్ల.

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—There are certain statutory powers vested in the Commissioner and the Chief Officer. Probably it refers to them.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—This clause refers to matters to be discussed in the Council and to be decided by a majority. It does not refer to the Commissioner and there can be no exception to the ‘majority’ rule. I have gone through all the clauses and I find no clause which prescribes something different than the majority.

శ్రీ సి. వి. వెంకటరాయప్ప.—నానినూ పూర్తియాగి హేళల్ల. ఇదరల్లు జంతుక విభాగాలల్ల కొన్ని ల్లనవర వాతనాదలు అధికారప్పల్ల ఎంచేనాదరూ రిసుర్చెస్సు వాదలు పేజారిషి నదస్తర అభివృయద పేరై తగేమికోళ్ళబహుదు. ఇదు బందు రీతి ఆదరే జీల్లలువుదు ఒదు విషితవాగిద ఇదరల్ల “Subject to so and so” ఎందు వినాదరూ బేకాదరే హకట. హాగిల్లదే ఇదరల్ల “Save as otherwise” ఎందు బిరేదరువుదు అథవ పిల్లద హాగాగుత్తదే. జదు న్యాయవాదుదల్ల, ఇదన్న దిల్చుపూదలు చుంత్రిగళు చిత్పత్తురేందు ఆతిసత్తేనే.

† Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—The section itself is very clear. There are certain matters which are beyond the purview of the Council. I cannot agree to the amendment. For example, if the Council wants to consider the removal of a Chief Officer or Commissioner, three-fourths majority is prescribed in this Bill. The subsequent provisions will show how and in what shape the majority decision will have to be.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That in sub-clause (1), the words “Save as otherwise provided in this Act” shall be deleted.”

*The amendment was negatived.*

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That Clause 52 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 52 was added to the Bill.

#### CLAUSE 53.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The question is:

“That Clause 53 stand part of the Bill.”

*The motion was adopted.*

Clause 53 was added to the Bill.

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—The House will now adjourn to meet again at 1 P.M. tomorrow, the 5th December 1963.

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*The House adjourned at Six of the Clock to meet again at One of the Clock on Thursday, the 5th December 1963.*

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